

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 10. NO. 48.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JAN. 5, 1893.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Antigo had a \$25,000 fire Monday.

The county board meets on the 16th inst.

M. J. O'Reilly was at Minneapolis last week.

George Clark was down from camp Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Chaffee visited relatives at Plainfield last week.

Miss Lola Billings was a guest of Green Bay relatives last week.

A brother of Sheriff Brazell has been appointed turn-key at the jail.

The Whist club were entertained Thursday evening by Mr. and Mrs. C. Eby.

Clarence Blumick is filing at McNaughton for the Bradley & Kelly Company.

Paul Browne was at Waupaca and Stevens Point last week on a business trip.

Leander Choate was up from Oshkosh to attend the First National Bank meeting.

The New Year weather is the finest imaginable for logging, and every camp is bustling work.

Mrs. Danl. Sullivan was down from Lac du Flambeau for a New Year's visit with relatives.

Mrs. Fred. Coon and the Misses Titterton were at Ripon and Berlin last week visiting friends of the former lady.

Should the Merchants State Bank build in the spring, J. J. Reardon & Co., will erect a fine brick store on their present site.

E. R. LeFevre was down from Tomahawk Lake yesterday. His mill will start up about the 20th, and run the year round hereafter.

A pair of mittens and a ladies' veil were found at the Grand Opera House Monday evening after the Mill Men's Union ball. They can be had by applying at this office.

The pedro club were entertained Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. R. V. Day. The prize winners of the evening were Mrs. E. O. Brown and J. J. Reardon, each of whom received a souvenir silver spoon.

Miss Nellie McCabe entertained a number of young friends Saturday evening at the residence of F. A. Hildebrand. The evening was passed pleasantly with progressive pedro. About fifty were present.

"Brad" Jones, one of Wausau's leading citizens, paid his first visit to Rhinelander yesterday. He said he was somewhat surprised at the size of the infant and was also glad of it. We now extend an invitation to Mr. Jones to move up.

The Mill Men's Union made a success of their parties New Year's evening. A big crowd was in attendance at the New Grand and the Grand also had a good crowd. The music from Wausau was fully up to expectations and was voted by all the best that has been heard in the city for a long time.

Rev. D. P. Brown, the evangelist who is holding a series of meetings at the First Baptist church, is having good success. His meetings are uniformly well attended and the interest has been steadily growing since he began. There is no question but what Mr. Brown is an able and earnest talker and that the high encomiums which preceded him here were well deserved.

Clayton's mill was shut down one day last week owing to a misunderstanding on the part of the foreman and Union men with regard to the hours of work. The mill had been running eleven hours and paying eleven hours wages. At a meeting of the Union Friday evening it was decided to accept the proposition of Mr. Clayton to run ten hours and accept a reduction of ten per cent. in wages. The mill started up Saturday at nine o'clock.

The publication last week of the marriage notice of E. G. Squier was hardly up to the necessary requirements on reliability. Ed. returned home Monday—single and alone, and naturally protests at being joined in any such bonds without knowing it. That our informant was in error furnishes this item—and they are scarce nowadays—but nevertheless we can't help thinking that Ed. had ought to have accommodation enough about him to have saved the newspapers reputation for veracity and reliability, when he saw the position he was placing them in.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Hinman entertained the whist club last evening.

The Rhinelander whist club met Monday evening at the home of J. D. Day.

Mrs. Gid Young returned Saturday from a holiday visit to friends and relatives.

John Helgeman, of Minneapolis, proprietor of the Rhinelander Brewery, was here Tuesday.

Joe McGlathlin has gone to Wausau where he will work the balance of the winter in Moen's mill.

W. J. McRoberts, formerly a merchant here, is in the city soliciting life insurance for the Bankers', of St. Paul.

Mrs. Robt. Shane and children, of St. Paul, are visiting with the families of John O'Brien and M. Dolan this week.

J. L. Staumbaugh, J. M. Owen and Ben Sweet were among the McNaughtons to take a look at city life here this week.

J. E. Clancy, of Iron Mountain, Mich., the architect, was in the city Tuesday. He is making the plans for A. W. Brown's new residence.

Jacob Mortensen, of the Garth Lumber Co., was here Tuesday. He says that this town will soon only be known to history, as they have about completed their cut and are preparing to remove to a new place in Michigan.

H. S. Sikes contemplates making a number of additions and improvements at the steam laundry in the near future. He is doing a large amount of work and turning it out in a manner very satisfactory to the patrons.

Mrs. Kate McHugh and daughter, Mrs. T. L. Givney, were called to Stevens Point yesterday by a despatch announcing the death of James Donahue, father of Mrs. McHugh. The deceased was an old and respected citizen of the Point. He was 80 years of age.

Someone effected an entrance into Leonard's store last Friday night by prying open the back door. They helped themselves generally about the store, taking cigars and other stuff, besides somewhere between twenty-five and thirty dollars from the cash drawer.

William Driscoll died at the home of his brother Patrick, in this city Monday morning of consumption. The deceased was 21 years of age. He was an industrious, honorable young man whose loss is sorely grieved by his relatives and many friends. The funeral services were held at Antigo Tuesday, in which city he formerly resided.

J. O. Moen, of the Nelson Lumber & Boom Co., was in from Wausau yesterday. His firm has started up their mill for a night and day run through the year and will try for a million cut each month. They will log and saw about four million of their own timber and will also saw eight million for Kennedy, of Rib Lake, Wis., who is now putting it in. They will build a planing mill in the spring.

H. D. Floyd, agent for the St. Joseph Hospital, of Chippewa Falls, was at Woodruff and Manitowish the past week visiting the logging camps in that vicinity. He sold \$625.00 worth of tickets for that institution while there. The Sisters are going to build a branch Hospital this year, either at this place or Tomahawk. There is a great deal of work being done to bring it to Rhinelander. Mr. Floyd has sold \$3,000 worth of tickets, so far this winter, in this vicinity.

Killed by a Falling Tree. A man named Oleson, who lived at Merrill, employed at Wright & Quin's camp near McCon station, was killed Tuesday morning by a falling tree. It hit a standing tree, and glancing off, crushed Oleson's skull. The body was taken to Merrill for burial, where he had a family.

Army Reunion. The old 32d Wisconsin Infantry will hold its reunion at Ripon, Wis., June 27, 28 and 29, this year. We have received a letter from Land Wood requesting that the following invitation be printed, so here it is: DEAR COMRADES:—You and your family are cordially invited to attend. Promises already made insures the largest gathering of the regiment since its disbanding. Any member who will forward his name and post-office address to the president of the association will receive in return an invitation card and complete program of this reunion. LANT WOOD, Pres. 32d Wis. Reunion Ass'n.

The New North's Write up.

That the recent review of Rhinelander's manufacturing and business interests by the New North has been noted and read by many to whom before the town was known only by name, will certainly bring us all some beneficial results is a self-evident fact. The articles have all been wholly lacking in exaggeration and the one result aimed at throughout the five weeks' write-up, was impartiality and accuracy. The only desire was to give the outside world a true idea of the town's business and importance in the commercial, social and manufacturing world. That the result will be all that was looked for is assured. The inquiries from distant points for copies of the papers and the amount of notice which the articles have received from the press of this and adjoining states, shows conclusively that Rhinelander has been brought before the minds of thousands of people. We could fill a couple of columns with notices from papers which have given both the city and the New North a kindly notice, but the reprinting of them would add nothing to their value, and while they are all appreciated, the "write-up" was done to advertise the city, and not to gain any notices of the paper. It costs considerable money to accomplish such a thing, and Rhinelander business men took hold of it with the same enterprise and liberality which has always been shown in matters of public interest. It is gratifying to know that it has been also beneficial to the paper for nothing else than the gain of many new subscribers locally. A shortage of help and pressure of other work prevents the continuation of the articles this week. There are a number prepared, ready for publication, but are crowded over until our next issue.

The Local Bank Meetings.

Monday evening the stockholders of the Merchants State Bank held their annual meeting. The following directors were chosen for the ensuing year: E. D. Brown, S. H. Alban, W. E. Brown, B. R. Lewis, A. W. Brown, John Barnes, Chas. Chaffee, W. H. Brown and M. J. O'Reilly. It was voted to put \$5,000 more of the undivided profits into the surplus, making the capital and surplus now \$65,000. On Friday evening the directors met and elect officers, who will no doubt be the same as at present. They have been instructed by the stockholders to investigate the building project, and will no doubt decide to put up a substantial bank building on their lot. The bank's affairs were found to be in an excellent condition and highly satisfactory to the stockholders.

The First National Bank stockholders held their annual meeting Tuesday evening. An examination of the securities and business of the institution during the year was entirely satisfactory. They voted to put \$5,000 more into the surplus fund, making with the original, \$70,000. The nine directors to serve this year were chosen as follows: Leander Choate, Charles Chaffee, S. M. Hutchinson, G. S. Coon, W. H. Brown, W. L. Beers, A. D. Daniels, John Barnes and Thos. Daley. They re-elected the same officers as follows: Leander Choate, President; Charles Chaffee, Vice President; W. E. Ashton, Cashier; L. H. Wheeler, Ass't Cashier.

An Outside Impression.

The Northwestern Lumberman, of Chicago, has decided to give the Wisconsin Valley the attention in its columns which the locality has long deserved, but never had. They have sent Mr. W. H. Ellis up here, and this week he is looking over Rhinelander with a view of getting posted on the town and its lumber firms. He is going to reside in the valley permanently and will light up the offices (when he takes off his hat) of lumbermen as often as he sees any news or any money for his paper. Under the caption of "Rhinelander Remarks," the following will appear in the current issue of the Lumberman:

"Rhinelander in some respects is a great lumber town. She has natural resources which are advantageous, and they have been improved by the energy and thrift which has located here. Her manufacturers hoped to put her at the front of the list of Wisconsin Valley points, and when the final figures are in, it will probably be very close to that distinction. Either Merrill or Rhinelander cut the most during last season, and neither one will be very far from a hundred and fifty million. But it is not in lumber manu-

facturing alone Rhinelander depends for prosperity. The allied industries are being started here already, and making progress. The James Kirk Company have a box factory here which will make a couple of carloads of shooks a day. A couple of planing mills independent from the saw mills are in successful operation, and among other things Rhinelander is the proud possessor of the largest seven door factory in the world. The active management of this factory falls to Mr. E. M. Kemp. This concern made two hundred and eighty-four thousand doors last year, and have four hundred thousand under contract now for this year. One of the things about the large enterprises of this section which strikes one most forcibly, is the fact that most of them are managed by young men. Mr. Kemp is a young man. Mr. W. E. Brown, manager of the Brown Bros. Lumber Co., is a young man, so are Planner and Smith at the Rib River, Keller of the Keller Co., and W. H. Brown. There isn't a manager of one of the big mills at Merrill, with the possible exception of A. H. Stange's and Gilkey & Anson's, who isn't a young man, and I don't suppose either Mr. Stange or Anson would like to be called old. All through this country, filled with the big lumber concerns of the world, young men are at the helm.

The cut at Rhinelander last year was interfered with somewhat by the strike, though not seriously. Nearly all the firms, however, are banking less logs this winter, and preparing generally for more or less interruption this year. This year, if the men want to shut down they will be given full swing, and the mills figure that they can stand it as long as the men can.

There are eight mills here. George Clayton, of Wausau, is operating the old Soo mill, and is running right through the winter on a contract cut. The others are shut down for the winter. There is probably seventy-five or eighty million feet in stock here now, fairly well assorted in common grades. At this point piece stuff is particularly strong. Considerable hemlock is cut here in a year, and a good deal of Norway. The white pine cut has graded higher than usual, though there is little or no factory stock or uppers in pile here now. There is, however, a good deal of firsts and seconds—a much larger than average proportion of the cut going to those grades.

W. G. Collar, manager of the Champey Lumber Co., of Merrill, turned up on the register of a hotel way down in Washington, D. C., last week. How in the world he expects to sell lumber in that federated hotbed of concatenated iniquity is a question he will be called on to explain later on. Washington, while Congress is in session, is no place for an honest man.

There is a concern here in Rhinelander which is making a reputation of the sort it pays to have. Anderson Bros. came here not so very long ago, and took hold of the Giant Sleigh business. They are making things hum. They make an improved logging sleigh that is very popular around here, and for which a demand is being created outside. They took twenty-eight set of Day & Daniels' the other day and remodeled them according to their improved plan, and have recently fitted out Clark & Lennon, Nathan Bros., and S. Kelley here, with logging outfits, and sent half a dozen sets to Lac du Flambeau for Cushman & Co. They are doing a lively business.

There is another institution here which is working up a good business. A few years ago the Diebler brothers, who had been with the Lakeside Iron Works of Muskegon, came over here and started the Rhinelander Iron Works. They are doing a large repair business, and are working into manufacturing. They make a saw brazer, which is making trade, and are getting ready to go into the manufacture of saw mill machinery in general.

And some way or other, its hard to close a letter from Rhinelander without saying something about the work of Dr. Keith here. He is operating an institute with the Round care for dipsomania, which I believe is polite for an attenuated case of snakes. But anyway, he "punches" according to the latest methods, and knocks the appetite for whiskey out of a man. And they say here that by this means many a man who was valuable to the lumber business here but for the conviviality of his cups—and under their seductive influence was worth less to himself, the business, his family and the world in

general, than scrap iron to a hungry man, has been squared up and started out again, as fresh and bright as a souvenir dollar—marked fifty cents however—and worth more than twice what he was before. The doctor is doing a great business in his line—though as I said before, that may, or may not have much to do with the lumber business—depending always on the patient.

Logging is in full force in the woods, and the weather is sharp and crisp. There will be a heavy cut and the boom company will have all they want next year—between logs from above and howls from below. W. H. E.

The Lewis Hardware Co. have a number of second hand stoves which they will sell at astonishingly cheap prices. There are some good bargains in the lot. Call early to secure them. LEWIS HARDWARE CO.

Challenge.

I hereby offer to, match the Berry mare (lip) against any trotter or pacer in the city, best three in five heats, for the sum of \$100 or more. J. S. BERNHILL.

Ripans Tablets: best liver tonic.

A Homestead at a Bargain.

I will sell my place on the Pelican river, near Rhinelander, at a decided bargain. The location is a convenient and pleasant one and the buildings are first-class. I have four acres cleared. This is a good chance for some one. J. A. JENKINS.

Ripans Tablets cure rapid liver.

Ripans Tablets cure indigestion.

Ripans Tablets cure constipation.

Ripans Tablets: a druggist.

Ripans Tablets have come to stay.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS. November 22, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register of the County of Oneida, at Rhinelander, Wis., on January 16, 1893, viz: George A. Chase, H. E. No. 1470 for the Lots 3, 4 and 5, section 21, township 37 north, range 8 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Prescott Oaklin, W. A. Boyer, Chas. Williams, Lawrence Doyle, of Rhinelander, Wis. E. B. SANDERS, Register.

Japanese dentistry.

"The Japanese use no instrument for extracting teeth, but lift them out with the thumb and forefinger," said Henry Baker to a guest of the Southern, who was wearing his jaw in a sling as the result of a pair of forceps slipping and getting more than they were sent for.

"While Jolly Dick Hubbard was minister to Japan I visited that country and spent a pleasant week with him. One day I was troubled with the toothache, and Mr. Hubbard took me to a dentist and explained to the saddle colored operator that I wanted the grinder extracted. I was placed in a bamboo chair and tilted slightly back. The dentist examined my teeth, talking volubly meanwhile to Uncle Sam's representative. Suddenly his thumb and forefinger closed on the troublesome tooth, and before I had the faintest idea of what was going to happen he lifted it out and held it up before me, smiling at the same time that vacant smile peculiar to the children of the orient. 'You were waiting for the forceps, were you?' said Minister Hubbard, with a laugh. 'They don't use 'em here.'—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Goldfish Has Sport.

I was much interested one day in the actions of a goldfish in an aquarium. The fish was resting quietly within a few inches of the surface, when it suddenly ejected a fish scale from its mouth.

As the scale was slowly sinking, the fish suddenly darted downward, drew the scale into its mouth and rose toward the surface, where it remained motionless for several moments. The whole performance was repeated several times. Whatever may have been the exact motive which prompted these actions on the part of the fish, we may fairly conclude that the object was recreation.—Youth's Companion.

A Strange Feasting Custom.

There was a strange custom in the Isle of Lewis, when the people used to gather to the church of St. Malvay at night, each family bringing provisions, and each family furnishing a peck of malt, which was brewed into ale. One who was chosen for the purpose waded into the sea up to his middle and poured out a cup of ale, calling on a sea god called Shing to favor the people through the coming year. The people, after seeing the ceremony performed, returned to the church and then went to the fields to spend the rest of the night in revelry.—New York Tribune.

Making a Manley Useful.

A cork on a board ship taught his monkey to land the weed, and in other ways to assist him in doing the kitchen work. African apes, when they go in a body to plunder gardens and plantations, are adroit enough to station a sentinel in a tree, who intones the plauders of the approach of any person by uttering a shrill.—Harper's Young People.

Spafford & Cole.

The bigger the store the more broken lots of goods there are to dispose of.

The store's custom has always been to unload at prices less than cost rather than carry over. We have a few sizes in Plush Cloaks and fur trimmed Jackets, you can buy at your own price.

Women and children's muffs. Only a few left, but the price is less than the number. Boys' and men's Over Coats, Pea Jackets and Vests and a few odd suits for men and boys, which we have cut the price in two.

This is not an after Christmas advertisement to get rid of a lot of poor goods. The goods are just as good as ever so if they fit and suit, you can save money in buying them.

Remember our special price on shoes.

Remember we are the best and lowest on the celebrated "Pillsbury's Best" and "Our Best" Flour. Fresh ground Buckwheat Flour and pure Maple Syrup constantly on hand.

All goods guaranteed as represented.

Spafford & Cole.

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LOVE'S SYNONYMS.
What is my sun?
A golden flower
That young winds tangle, and twine, and toss,
A floating halo that glides the air,
And the dew—my sun—is your golden hair.
Your hair, Baby boy!

What are my stars?
Sweet pansies two,
With hearts of purple and rings of blue,
Love shines within them in stellar guise,
And my pansy stars are your two bright eyes,
Your eyes, Baby boy!

What is my rose?
A love cup shy:
Sweet draughts of kisses within it lie,
It brims with laughter and love and youth,
And the cup—my rose—is your rosy mouth,
Your mouth, Baby boy.

What is my bird?
An unseen love,
Whose sweet strains echo from angel choir,
Its song of heaven bid earth rejoice,
And the love—my bird—is your childish voice,
Your voice, Baby boy!

What are my life,
My love, my bliss?
Your gold young tresses, your eyes, your kiss!
In these, my rapture; elsewhere my rue,
For my whole, whole world is just you, sweet you!
Just you, Baby boy!
—N. Y. Recorder.

BILK AND HIS TAILOR.

How a Complication in Buttons Was Settled in England.

There is a lawyer in the temple whom I shall take the liberty of terming J. Wellington Bilk. That is not his name, of course, I merely call him so for the purposes of this narrative, for as far as I can find out there is no such name in the temple, and I say at the beginning that if there is any man of that title he is not the man I mean. I give the name Bilk, as it were, "without prejudice," so as to protect myself from possible legal complications, for one must be very careful when he speaks of lawyers.

Mr. Bilk possesses much law and little money. This may seem strange, for our idea of a lawyer in the temple is that he has more cases than he can attend to and that he rolls in wealth. Nevertheless, the thing I state is true; there are lawyers in this world who have a hard struggle for existence.

One of the disadvantages of being a lawyer who is not getting on is that he has to dress well, and, unless a person knows how to dodge his tailor, dressing well costs money. It may seem needless extravagance to pay a tailor, but, unfortunately, gentlemen of the cloth do not look upon it in that light, and they are sometimes persistent in demanding their money, especially if they suspect their customer is poor.

Mr. Bilk kept encouraging his tailor by ordering more clothes than he actually needed. This is a good plan as long as it works, but it breaks down after a time, and, like the indulging in stimulants, leaves the victim with the original trouble worse than it was at first.

At last things came to a crisis. Mr. Hemms, the tailor, said that if he did not at least get some money on account he would sue Mr. Bilk for the whole amount. Mr. Bilk pondered long over the tailor's letter, for, while in England you may take what action you please, you are not allowed to threaten, and the lawyer thought he could perhaps twist the epistle into a threatening letter within the meaning of the act, but, unfortunately, the tailor had been there before. His note was couched in the most polite and conciliatory terms. It was only by reading between the lines that anything like a threat could be seen. Nevertheless, it was quite evident what the tailor's intentions were, and Mr. Bilk felt that he could not afford to be brought into court over the matter. It would at once dispel the fiction that he had a large and lucrative practice—a fiction he was anxious should not be interfered with by any cold display of fact.

Of course it was a daring and courageous thing for a tailor to intimate that he would bring a lawyer into court. This was, indeed, fighting the devil with fire. Let no one say after this that it takes nine tailors to make a man.

Although the scheme of the tailor was magnificent, it was not war. It was not to be expected that any mere tailor could tread the slippery path of legal knowledge and keep step with a lawyer. Mr. Bilk remembered an act or two relating to tailors and he looked them up. He also ferreted out some precedents bearing on the case, and in good old England, when you can find a precedent, you are all right. He wrote to Mr. Hemms, asking him to call personally at his chambers in the temple at a certain hour. Mr. Hemms was there, prompt to the minute, and had some faint hopes he would see at least a little money, not realizing the impossibility of removing certain garments he was in the habit of making, from the person of a highlandman.

"Sit down, Mr. Hemms," said Bilk, affably, "it may take us some time to settle this little matter."

"If you pay me something on account," said Hemms, "I am willing to let the balance stand over for the present."

"Quite so. The proposition does you honor, Mr. Hemms, and shows that you have no desire to press your customer as hard as you do the raiment he wears. Unfortunately, it is inconvenient for me at the moment to pay even the little on account."

"In that case," said Mr. Hemms, "I will be reluctantly obliged to take proceedings."

"Exactly. I gathered as much from your most courteous note. Now, to do so with any chance of success you will need legal advice. I beg to offer my services in the matter, and I think I will do as well for you as any other; better, perhaps, for I understand all about the case."

"Impossible. You could not appear against yourself."

"My dear sir, you have evidently little conception of the length a lawyer

is willing to go for the love of the profession and incidentally for the fees appertaining thereto. Why pay good money to another lawyer, when I will be quite willing to undertake your case for (as you say) a little money down, taking the rest on in trade?"

Mr. Hemms was stricken dumb by the proposal.

"Being certain that so amicable an arrangement would commend itself to you, the moment it was presented in its full advantage, I have taken the trouble to look up the law on the subject, and will without further parley let you know just where you stand. You are doubtless aware that there have been a number of acts passed in relation to tailoring which I think will tend to make our negotiations exceedingly simple. For instance, there was an act passed in the reign of William and Mary which made it illegal for a tailor to sew cloth buttons on a suit. The penalty is forty shillings for every half dozen buttons he uses, besides the forfeiture of the goods. But you were, of course, cognizant of this before you threatened the law on a lawyer."

"I never heard of such an outrageous act. It is certainly not the law now."

"Ah, there you are wrong, and that shows the advantage of having the best legal assistance. It would ill become us, Mr. Hemms, to characterize the wisdom of our ancestors as outrageous. There are many things pertaining to the law that may not commend themselves to the lay mind."

"Do you mean to say that act has never been repealed?"

"So far from being repealed, it has been affirmed and added to in other reigns. In the fourth year of George I. the law was made to include all kinds of buttons covered by any material whatever and the forty shillings was retained as the penalty. In George the Fourth's time there was a button act passed, forty shillings remaining the favorite penalty. I have often wondered why forty shillings was always a popular penalty imposed on Englishmen for doing that which they should not do. Doubtless you have yourself pondered on the same inscrutable mystery. Why not thirty shillings, or fifty shillings, or 25? Still so it is, and we must accept it."

"Why was such an unjust law passed?"

"Do not, I beg of you, term it unjust. Respect the law. I should be sorry to think that my custom went to a man who was not as law-abiding and as law-respecting as myself. Why was it passed? It was passed to protect the button makers of Birmingham."

"And do you mean to say I cannot collect my just debt because I have sewed cloth buttons on some of your suits?"

"You will collect your debt the moment I get money to pay you, but you cannot collect it in any English court. That was tried quite recently at Marylebone county court, when a Mr. King was sued by a tailor named Shirley. The amount claimed was nine pounds sterling. Mr. Shirley was a most estimable man, no doubt, and probably an excellent tailor, but people should have the law on their side. The law takes no account of motive. The tailor was not only nonsuited, but was also fined the requisite number of forty shilling pieces, if there are any forty shilling pieces. I confess I am more familiar with law than with the coinage of this country. Mr. King was suited not only by the law, but the tailor as well."

"Is this why you asked me to come here?"

"Yes. You gave me of your clothing. I give you of the law. Each the article he deals in. Now if you sign a receipt for the clothes, I will charge you nothing for the law, nor will I say anything of the just penalties you have incurred."

"Before doing so," remarked the tailor, rising, "I will consult another lawyer."

"A most excellent resolution in ordinary cases. In multitude of queen's counsel there is wisdom, or at least much law. But this case must be settled now. In your letter you expressed a wish for an early settlement. It is my own desire. I must have my receipt now or I will invoke the law against you as a breaker of it."

The receipt was given. Of course, a tailor is no match for a lawyer. It is always better to turn one of the legal gentlemen on another. That is what the tailor did. He consulted another lawyer. This gentleman assured the tailor that the acts complained of still stand on the statute books. He said, however, that Bilk in demanding and obtaining the receipt had compounded a felony. For this he could be brought to book. But the tailor did not want to put Bilk in jail; he wanted his money. Why not threaten Bilk? Then he could be settled with and the money obtained. This, it seemed, would be also compounding Bilk's felony, and then another lawyer could jump on the second lawyer. If the second lawyer settled, then the third lawyer would have compounded a felony and so the thing would go on until all the legal talent of London would be enveloped in this network of compounding felonies.

This is how the matter stands at the moment of writing. How it will end no one knows. It is a complicated question. I shall keep my eye on the case and report progress from time to time. Meanwhile those who read may take my word for it that the law of England to-day in regard to buttons remains as stated in the foregoing pathetic narrative.—*Lake Sharp, in Detroit Free Press.*

"The check of some people is simply amazing," said the young mother.

"What is the trouble now?" asked the caller.

"That horrid newspaper man who lives across the street sent over this morning to ask if he could borrow the baby for two or three hours, as he had to get up a 'Baby Bath' poem for his paper and wanted to study the dialect."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

"The court gave her a divorce but refused the alimony." "What will she do now?" "Marry him again and wait for a stronger case."—*Detroit Tribune.*

FRANK A. LAPPEN & Co.

AMERICA'S

Greatest Furnishers

17, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, Grand Ave., Milwaukee

Carpets,
Furniture,
Draperies,
Crockery,
Bedding,
Stoves &
Ranges.

We pay the freight to any point within 150 miles of Milwaukee, Wis.

CARPETS.
Lowell Body Brussels, 90c.
Lowell Ingrain, 49c.
All other makes just below other stores' prices. We boast greatly of our carpet smartness. Give us the opportunity by calling and see if we should not be proud of our stock.

CHAMBER SUITS.
Buying big by selecting so admirably, selling so closely on the heels of the first cost—brings trade to our ever popular Chamber Suit Department. We've a handsome three piece Chamber Suit for \$12.50
Another one for \$15.00
Another one for \$16.50
And so on all the way up.

Garnishing up one's home nest is the most fascinating thing in life.

We've the handsomest line of Lace Curtains in the city in our Drapery department. The ones we mention below come in two prices \$5.00 and \$6.00, Caledonian by name. No other store has them.

Then the Bamboo Curtains, beautiful designs, \$2.50.

Easels, screens, etc.—all the little fancies that please the woman who takes delight in garnishing up her home nest.

It isn't every day that you get a \$3.50 lamp for \$1.98, yet that's the case here.

STOVE HINTS.

A little fore thought, plenty of dry wood and a heating stove go a long way toward making a happy home. Our stove department is complete in every respect.

HEATING STOVES

For \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$10.75, \$11.00, \$12.50, \$15.50, \$17.50, \$18.00, \$21.00, \$23.00, \$25.00 on up.

DINING TABLES.

\$3.75, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.75, \$8.50, \$9.50 up. Over a hundred to choose from.

We pay the freight to any point within 150 miles of Milwaukee.

Harness!

Light and Heavy Harness,
And all Goods in my Line. Repairing done promptly and in a satisfactory manner. Orders from Lumbermen given special attention.

F. A. HALLET & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MEAT,

Fish, Game and Poultry

RHINELANDER, WIS.

F. C. HENRICI,

MERCHANT TAILOR

Best Fitting Suits and the Best Goods for the Lowest Prices, that can be found in Rhinelander. All Work Warranted. Shop opposite the Giant Slough Manufacturing Co.'s Factory, Rhinelander, Wis.



My Dear when I send you up town to buy groceries I want you to go where I tell you. The 40c tea you get at Jewell's is as good as this you paid 50 cents for.

I have a nice lot of Gilt Edge dairy butter in ten pound firkins. Butter is down and quality is better. Call and see me if in need of any.

Have you ever used Duluth "Imperial" flour? Guaranteed to give satisfaction where all others fail. Try it. Car just in. W. S. JEWELL.

M. L. S. & W. R. Y.
FINE Parlor and Sleeping Car Service
—WITH—
FAST TRAINS
BETWEEN
CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE.
—AND—
Appleton, Wausau and Ashland

THE GOGEBIC, PENOCKEE AND MONTREAL IRON AND MINERAL RANGES, MUREY, IRONWOOD, BESSMER AND WAKEFIELD, The Manufacturing Centers and Lumbering Districts of Central and Northern Wisconsin. SHADOGAN, MANITOWOC, KAUKAUNA, APPLETON, WAUWATON, ANTIGO, EAGLE RIVER, AND RHINELANDER.

DIRECT LINE
Via NEW LONDON, Jc. and U. S. E. & T. P. Ry
—FOR—
STEVENS POINT, GRAND RAPIDS, WINONA LA CROSSE,
ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS,
via ASHLAND and NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.
—FOR—
SUPERIOR, DULUTH,
PACIFIC COAST and Intermediate Points. Guide Books, Maps, Time Cards, and full information furnished on application to the General Passenger Agent.

Milwaukee City Office 102 Wisconsin St
Chicago City Office, 208 Clark St.
H. F. WHITCOMB, General Manager, C. L. RYDER, Gen. Pass. Agent
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Job Work!

—SUCH AS—
Cards, Bill-Heads, Circulars, Posters,

Executed to Order
WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

J. H. Schroeder,

BROWN STREET.

Rhinelander, - Wis.

Light and Heavy Harness,

And all Goods in my Line. Repairing done promptly and in a satisfactory manner. Orders from Lumbermen given special attention.

F. A. HALLET & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MEAT,

Fish, Game and Poultry

RHINELANDER, WIS.

F. C. HENRICI,

MERCHANT TAILOR

Best Fitting Suits and the Best Goods for the Lowest Prices, that can be found in Rhinelander. All Work Warranted. Shop opposite the Giant Slough Manufacturing Co.'s Factory, Rhinelander, Wis.

Rhinelander Hospital.

A FIRST-CLASS INSTITUTION.
For \$6.00 your doctor's bill, nursing and board is paid, and a home provided you in case of sickness or injury. During the period of one year. No man without a home can afford to be without a ticket on this hospital. We will take pleasure in showing you through the hospital at any time.

McINDOE & DANIELS,
Resident Surgeons.
RHINELANDER WISCONSIN.



INCORPORATED 1818. ASSETS OVER \$8,000,000.

The National Life Insurance Co. of Vermont.

INSURANCE IN FORCE, OVER \$55,000,000.

The Guaranteed Cash Values endorsed on all National Policies have made the company famed for its liberality and justice. It is the "Policy Holder's Company." Take no policy unless it has these cash values plainly written on its face.

ITS POINTS OF EXCELLENCE ARE
Great financial strength. Low death rate. Low expense rate. Large dividends. We Sell the Safest Insurance in the World.

JAS. B. ESTEE, Manager, Wisconsin Department, 9, Mack Block, Milwaukee.
JAS. M. HARRIGAN, Special Agent, Rhinelander, Wis.

Real Estate Loan and Insurance.

Exchange.

I have over 300 of the most desirable Residence Lots in Rhinelander for sale, ranging in price from \$100 to \$500 each. Also many of the Finest Business Sites. Time given purchasers who intend building. Sole agent for all property of M. L. S. & W. R. Y. Co. Brown Brothers, S. H. Alban and others.

... LOANS ...

I can place any amount of money on improved Real Estate at 40 per cent. of its value, on from 1 to 5 years time, netting from 8 to 10 per cent. interest per annum.

- - INSURANCE - -

I represent several of the Heaviest and most liberal and reliable Insurance Companies doing business in the world and make a specialty of writing Fire Insurance at Equitable Rates.

- - ABSTRACT - -

The only Abstracts of Oneida County Lands. Two Complete Sets.

Office on Davenport Street. **PAUL BROWNE.**

W. S. JEWELL,

- - - SOLE AGENT.



Hallet & Davis, Arion & Hale Pianos.

Kimball New Scale Pianos, Organs.

Kimball and Great Western Organs - - The Finest Made.

As a **FIRST-CLASS** Piano

The Hallet & Davis has yet to find a Superior.

For Catalogues and Prices Call on or Address

W. S. JEWELL, Agent,
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

33 per ct. difference.

Royal Baking Powder

Strongest, Purest, Most Economical.

As to whether any of the baking powders are equal to the "Royal," the official tests clearly determine. When samples of various baking powders were purchased from the grocers, and analyzed by the United States Government Chemists and the Chemists of State and City Boards of Health, the reports revealed the fact that the "Royal" contained from 28 per cent. to 60 per cent. more leavening strength than the others, and also that it was more perfectly combined, absolutely pure, and altogether wholesome.

As most of these powders are sold to consumers at the same price as the "Royal," by the use of the Royal Baking Powder there is an average saving of over one third, besides the advantage of assured purity and wholesomeness of food, and of bread, biscuit and cake made perfectly light, sweet, and palatable.

The official reports also reveal the presence, in other powders, of alum, lime or sulphuric acid, by which their use is made a matter of grave danger to the consumer.

Whenever a baking powder is sold at a lower price than the "Royal," or with a gift, it is a certain indication that it is made from alum, and is to be avoided under all circumstances.



WISE SAYINGS.

No man can be rich while he is discontented.
SALT and light never have to go about hunting for work.
Drive the devil out of the family and he will soon be homeless.
The truth that is aimed straight at the devil will be sure to make some highly respectable people dodge.
There is no virtue in doing what we have to do, for even the devil will behave himself when he is chained.

RAIL RAMBLINGS.

CHICAGO handles 1,800 trains daily. The English congress of railway men defeated by a large majority a motion for an eight-hour day.
In making up time beyond Rochester, N. Y., October 26, the Empire State express ran 10 miles at the rate of 95 miles an hour.
The introduction of the railroad has given Palestine a real estate boom. Real estate agents are swarming into Jerusalem.

ST. JACOBS OIL

CURES

RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SWELLINGS, NEURALGIA.



A copy of the "Official Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, descriptive of Buildings and Grounds, beautifully illustrated, in water color effects, will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10c. in postage stamps by THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

Articles by Great Pastors



Rev. Morgan Dix, D.D.

Will present views on interesting social and religious themes by leaders of thought in the American pulpit:

Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., LL. D.

Rector of Trinity Church, New York City, will answer the interesting question: "Are Society Women Insincere?"

The Rev. John R. Paxton, D. D.

one of the most popular of New York's pastors, will discuss in two articles: "The Social Side of a Church" and "Are Women More Religious than Men?"

His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons

the foremost prelate of the Catholic Church in America, will tell the beautiful story of what constitutes "The Life of a Sister of Charity." The above articles, in connection with the unpublished writings of Henry Ward Beecher, will appear, during 1893, in

The Ladies' Home Journal

Subscription Agents Wanted
Profitable Work
Send for Terms

10c. a copy at the News-stands
One Dollar a Year

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

Where is He Going

To the nearest drug store for a bottle of **Durang's Rheumatic Remedy**, a medicine that never fails to cure rheumatism. It is taken internally and does the work promptly, without drugging the system with poisons.

This is not a new remedy that you need wait for your neighbor to try, to see how it works, as it has been before the public eighteen years and cures when everything else fails.

GENERALS SHERMAN and LOCAN were its outspoken friends, and never failed to recommend.

During the past year the bottle has been enlarged to **FOUR TIMES** its original size and the remedy greatly improved, so that we now offer you the best treatment for **Rheumatism** known to medical science.

The price is one dollar a bottle, or six bottles for five dollars, and is sold by all reliable dealers in drugs.

OUR 40-PAGE PAMPHLET SENT FREE BY MAIL.

DURANG'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY CO.,
1316 L STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

A BROKEN LEVEE.

It Floods Thousands of Acres of California Lands, and Causes a Loss of About \$1,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 30. — Reports from the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys show that the damage by flood will go above \$1,000,000. The capital city is safe, but all along the river fine wheat land is covered with water. In Sutter county, a few miles below Colusa, the levee broke and 50,000 acres of the most fertile land in the state are several feet under water. The unfortunate people have fled and left their live stock to perish. The loss to owners and renters will be at least \$500,000. Below Colusa a few miles there were inclosed in a levee some 4,000 acres. The levee broke and the whole is several feet under water. This is a very fine piece of wheat land and the loss is great. Below Sacramento City the levees have given way in several places on the Yolo county side and big damage has resulted. Many ladies were engaged in running sewing machines and turning out coarse jute bags in order that they may be filled with sand to protect the weak levees that guard the ranches of husbands or brothers from ruin. Relays of patrols are guarding the levees for many miles. The water is slowly falling, as the storm is over. The San Joaquin is higher than ever known before and stockmen having cattle on the ranges behind Tracy are moving their stock. The weather being somewhat cooler, it is hoped the water will fall rapidly. The entire dam across Stephenson creek in Fresno has been swept away. It was 37 feet high, 200 feet long, built of granite and faced with planks. A million feet of lumber and the sawmill were washed away. The entire loss is estimated at \$150,000. Stephenson's hotel was torn in two and about a dozen small residences were washed away. No one was living in the houses, the mill having been shut down.

ALL ARE DEAD.

A Moody Tragedy in Kentucky in Which a Man, His Wife and Her Brother Were Slain.

GARDINERSVILLE, Ky., Dec. 30. — John Barnes and his brother-in-law, James Kerr, went to the Ohio river on Monday ostensibly for supplies. They returned home late on Tuesday night very drunk and nothing more was seen of them until a neighbor called Wednesday evening. Finding the door ajar the neighbors walked in and found Mrs. Barnes lying across the bed dead, with her head crushed, while Barnes and Kerr were lying in a corner of the room, also dead, frightfully slashed with knives. Each grasped a knife in his hand. The surroundings showed that the battle had been long and terrible. It is thought that Barnes struck his wife with a jug for scolding him for coming home drunk, and then her brother attacked Barnes.

COULDN'T PAY UP.

Failure of Farmers to Meet Their Obligations Causes the Suspension of a Bank.

FAIRFAX, Minn., Dec. 30. — At a meeting of creditors of the Fairfax bank Thursday, F. A. Gray, cashier, said the suspension was due to the failure of farmers to pay notes, owing to poor crops, and the crowding of depositors for funds. Six thousand dollars was required to carry the bank over to next fall, of which \$3,500 was needed at once. The proposition did not meet with much favor and the cashier and a delegation of creditors went to Redwood Falls to arrange for an assignment or the appointment of a receiver. Cashier Gray says the assets and liabilities will about balance, but gives no figures. Depositors say the liabilities will foot up \$12,000. The assets are mostly in farmers' notes, which cannot be realized on at present.

AN OBEDIENT SON.

He Obeyed His Mother's Command to Shoot Her.

BRINKLEY, Ark., Dec. 30. — John Thomas, a 19-year-old boy, is charged with the murder of his mother on Monday in the dark country neighborhood, south of this place. The boy is apparently of sound mind, and when seen acknowledged the murder and gave as his reason that she got the gun and gave it to him and compelled him to shoot her if he did not do as she told him. Medical experts believe the boy sane and that his story is correct. He does not seem to recognize the enormity of his offense. He had his trial Thursday and was remanded to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

THE OLD STORY.

Monte Carlo Furnishes Two More Victims to Her Record of Self-Murder.

LONDON, Dec. 30. — From Monte Carlo comes the news of two tragic events, in one of which an American was the victim. The American, who is described as a young man 23 years old and of good appearance, lost \$3,500 belonging to his mother, and which she had entrusted to his care. The young man threw himself on the railroad track in front of an approaching train and was crushed to death under the wheels.

Another gambler, whose nationality is not stated, and who had lost nearly everything in the casino, shot himself dead while on a train. The gambling tables at Monte Carlo are doing a flourishing business.

Granted \$5,175 for a Life.

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 30. — A jury in the United States court rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Margaret Austin vs. the Northern Pacific Railway company, allowing her \$5,175 damages for the death of her husband, who was killed by an engine near Chippewa Falls last September. The case will be appealed.

Fire in Quebec.

QUEBEC, Can., Dec. 30. — Reed & Craig's paper warehouse and A. B. Daphin's wholesale biscuit and confectionery establishment were burned Thursday morning. Loss, \$100,000.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Marcus Homfeld, a Farmer, Murdered by a 14-Year-Old Boy.

A terrible tragedy has just been unearthed in the town of Brannan, Price county. John Anderson, 14 years old, son of Mauritz Anderson, ran away from home some time ago and took a brother, aged 10, and his father's gun and dog with him. They went to the house of a neighboring farmer, Marcus Homfeld, a settler living alone. John proposed to his brother that when Homfeld came home in the evening they kill him and live in the house all winter in true robber style. In accordance with that plan the older brother hid himself behind a haystack and when Homfeld came put two charges of buckshot into his head, covered his body with hay, and proceeded to take possession. Two weeks afterward a brother-in-law of Homfeld came to the house and found the boys there. They told him Homfeld was in the woods looking after his traps. He waited until Sunday morning and then went home, taking the younger boy with him. Arriving home he questioned the little boy and drew the whole story out of him. A party was organized, but on arrival at the scene of the murder the assassin had gone.

Little Girl Whipped to Death.

The report that comes from Viola that Mrs. S. Kylo Looker whipped to death her 6-year-old stepdaughter because she asked for something to eat. When Mr. Looker, who was absent at the time, came home, he asked for his daughter and was told by his wife that she did not know where the girl was. He immediately commenced to search and found his daughter in a closet dead.

Flames in Milwaukee.

The Matthew Keenan flouring mill, the pioneer mill of Milwaukee, was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$10,000, with no insurance. The mill had not run for several years. The Gen Hammock and Elynet works were also burned to the ground. Both fires were raging at the same time. The latter firm sustains a loss of \$75,000, with \$60,000 insurance on the stock.

Arrest of a Boy Murderer.

John Anderson, the 14-year-old boy who is alleged to have murdered old man Homfeld in the town of Rock Falls some days ago, is in custody at Merrill, having been arrested near Prentice by Deputy Sheriff Ward. Young Anderson does not seem to feel the enormity of the crime for which he is accused. He is a stolid German boy with no education.

A Costly Record.

Thirteen big fires have occurred in Milwaukee since the one on the night of October 28, which swept over a large section of the Third ward. The losses in these later fires aggregate \$1,000,000. This with the loss in the big fire of two months ago makes the total fire loss in this city within two months over \$4,000,000. Seven lives have also been sacrificed.

Admitted His Guilt.

W. A. Carson, the sharper who attempted to work the forged check game in Madison, waived preliminary examination and pleaded guilty to the charge, which was forgery, on the advice of his attorney, B. W. Jones. The court sentenced him to three years in state prison at hard labor, with one day in each six months in solitary confinement.

Unrequited Affection.

An attempt at suicide with poison on Madeline Island at La Pointe was frustrated by the timely intervention of a physician. William Angus, about 20 years of age, was the victim of the insane desire to take his own life. The cause was the unrequited affection which he had bestowed upon the district school teacher.

The News Condensed.

There is great excitement over a flowing natural gas well on George Schneider's farm at Brillion.

Cargill Bros., prominent Minneapolis grain men, have decided to erect an elevator in Superior with a capacity of 2,000,000 bushels.

The date of the governor's guard masquerade ball has been fixed for February 22. It will be held at the Turner hall in Madison.

Seven men were burned by hot metal in the works of the West Superior Iron and Steel company, one of whom would probably die.

Seven Beloit saloonists pleaded guilty to selling liquor without a license and were fined \$100 each. There were indictments against twenty more.

George McFall, aged 60, an inmate of the soldiers' home in Milwaukee, was run over by a passenger train on the St. Paul road and instantly killed.

Archbishop Kutze, of Milwaukee, celebrated the twenty-sixth anniversary of his ordination as a priest.

A gigantic \$500,000 distillery, the biggest in this country, will be established in Milwaukee in the near future to fight the whisky trust.

The pickle factory of the Price Pickling company of Minneapolis, located near Altoona, with the greenhouses near by, were burned. Loss, \$1,500.

Preparations are going on at a point about 20 miles from Iron river in Ray county and near the shores of Lake Superior for the opening of a silver and copper mine on an extensive scale.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state by the Brooks Safety Trust company, with headquarters in Chippewa Falls. The capital stock is \$2,000,000.

The state board of health at its annual meeting in Milwaukee voted to ask the legislature for a contingent fund of \$50,000 to be used with the governor's approval in the event of a cholera epidemic.

The Northwestern Coal Railway company has been incorporated for the purpose of building a line 12 miles long from a point on Allouez bay, in Douglas county, to a point on the St. Louis river. The capital stock is \$1,000,000.

Florida and the Sunny South via The Big Four Route.

To all persons contemplating a southern trip, the Big Four Route offers special attractions and advantages possessed by no other line. Solid vestibulized trains, heated with steam and equipped with palace sleeping cars, reclining chair cars and elegant parlor cars, dining cars run daily, making connections in the Central Union Station, Cincinnati, with through express trains of the Queen & Crescent Route, Louisville & Nashville, Kentucky Central and Chesapeake & Ohio Railways, avoiding the tedious transfers necessary via other lines, and affording practically through service to Old Point Comfort, Ashville, Chattanooga, New Orleans, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa, Indian River and all winter resorts of the South. Tourist tickets via the Popular Big Four Route at special low rates are made at all coupon ticket offices throughout the country. Ask the agent for tickets via the Big Four Route. D. R. MARTIN, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Mr. C. H. FROUD OF Buckton—"He is very learned, you say. Is he proud of all he knows?" Nendick—"Oh, no; he is an agnostic, and proud of all that he doesn't know."—Truth.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CUNNEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CUNNEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CUNNEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1893.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CUNNEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"How about the rent of this house of yours, Jones? Doesn't the landlord ask a good deal for it?" Jones—"Yes; he often asks five and six times a month for it."

Don't Believe It.

No matter who people may say to the contrary, constipation is a thoroughly curable. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters gives complete relief. Use it promptly, persistently. Avoid drastic purgatives. They gripe, weaken, necessitate increasing doses, disorder the stomach. Not so the Bitters. This thorough medicine is also a preventive of malaria, and removes biliousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

The snakes at the Zoo have ceased to argue with the keepers as to their relative merits. The snakes found that they hadn't a leg to stand on.—Philadelphia Record.

The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles.

VENERABLE Gentleman (patting Jamie on the head)—"And how old is the little man?" Jamie (with pride)—"I'll be ten in less than five years."

"I HAVE been occasionally troubled with Coughs, and in each case have used Brown's Bronchial Troches, which have never failed, and I must say they are second to none in the world."—Felix A. May, Cashier, St. Paul, Minn.

"If it wasn't, she'd never consent to change it."—Life.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

Doing will not take us to Heaven, but not doing will keep us out.—Ham's Horn.

How MY THROAT HURTS! Why don't you use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar? Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

JIG-DANCING music is the kind that reaches the soul.—Yonkers Statesman.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cost only 25 cents a box. They are proverbially known throughout the world to be "worth a guinea a box."

"To run is human," and to stick to it is more so.—Galveston News.

SOMETHING TO REMEMBER. If you're a weak or ailing woman—that there's only one medicine so sure to help you that it can be guaranteed. It's Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

In building up overworked, feeble, delicate women, or in any "female complaint" or weakness, if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and strengthening nerve, and a safe and certain remedy for woman's ills and ailments. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

Nothing else can be as cheap. With this, you pay only for the good you get.

SALVATION OIL
KILLS ALL PAIN 25c A BOTTLE
Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup will cure your cough for 25c.

DON'T FORGET That the System of Tins, Ohio, make Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup and Tools for Boring and DRILLING WELLS. MAKE THIS FREE every day you wish.

BEWARE OF FRAUD. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. Beware of cheap imitations. W. L. Douglas name is on the shoe. Look for it every where. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calfskin, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
\$4.00 and \$5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
\$4.50 Police, Farmers and Letter Carriers.
\$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00 for Working Men.
\$5.00 and \$5.75 for Youngs and Boys.
\$3.00 Hand-Sewed.
\$2.50 and \$3.00 Douglas, LADIES.
\$2.75 for Misses.

IF IT IS DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money, to be footed by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes, which represent the best value in the shoe market, and are made by a shoemaker can testify. Do you want them?

THIS IS THE BEST \$3.00 SHOE IN THE WORLD. WILL NOT RIP.

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no other shoe and outfit. Address: W. L. Douglas, Boston, Mass.

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Imitations. RISE SUN POLISH, which cleans the stove, iron, brass, and burners. The RISE SUN POLISH is brilliant, odorless, durable, and the consumer pays for no oil or glass package with every purchase.

AN INSANE MOTHER.

What a horrible thing was that at Rogers City, Michigan, last week.

A mother suddenly insane drove a knife into her baby's eyes, destroying the sight at once.

How many a poor woman has broken down under the strain and lost her mind!

It is terrible to think of. Constipation has wrecked many a home by taking the life of the mother.

This is a thing that many people from a false sense of delicacy suffer with for years.

They should be taught that it is not a light thing but something of grave import.

If they will get a box of the Laxative Gum Drops they will be cured without pain or annoyance.

These gum drops are peculiarly calculated for women, for children and persons with weak stomachs.

Get them at any dealer. The small boxes cost ten cents, the large ones twenty-five cents.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

"August Flower"

Miss C. G. McCLAVE, School teacher, 753 Park Place, Elmira, N. Y.

"This Spring while away from home teaching my first term in a country school I was perfectly wretched with that human agony called dyspepsia. After dieting for two weeks and getting no better, a friend wrote me, suggesting that I take August Flower. The very next day I purchased a bottle. I am delighted to say that August Flower helped me so that I have quite recovered from my indisposition."

MINNESOTA SCHOOL OF Business

Opps. F. H. Minneapolis. Real and personal, Catalogue sent. Also a small, 10c. paper.

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

Business College

16 FIFTH ST. SOUTH, MINNEAPOLIS. Book-keeping, shorthand, penmanship, English, day and night. Mention this paper. A. R. ARMBRIST, Manager.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED

15 to 25 lbs. per month by the use of Dr. J. C. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Send for circulars and testimonials confidential. W. F. STEVENSON, 1000 Broadway, New York City. Send for this FREE every day you wish.

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HAS 35,000 CIRCULATION. Because it is the best daily in the Northwest. Sample FREE. Five days, 10c. per copy, contains no story.

OPIMUM

Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio. Send for this FREE every day you wish.

FITS

CURED. Trial bottle free by mail. Cures after all others fail. Address: HALL CHENCO, West Philadelphia, Pa.

PILLS CURE FOR

Consumption and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Pils' Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has cured the most desperate cases. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. EGE.

CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K.—G. 1429. WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE mention that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

FURNITURE CLEARING SALE!

F. J. PINGRY & COMPANY,

From Now until February 1st we propose disposing of nearly all our Mammoth Stock of Furniture in order to make room for more goods. We have

ONE HUNDRED

BEDROOM SETS.

Which will be cleared out at prices away below the usual selling price, because we need the room they occupy. You can buy a set cheaper now than ever before.

Every article of Furniture in our building, from

TOP TO BOTTOM!

will be disposed of this month if possible, so as to make room for new goods already bought.

THE BEDROOM SET BARGAINS

are only one of many. A look through the store may be worth a good many dollars to you and it will certainly cost you nothing.

F. J. PINGRY & CO., DEALERS IN FURNITURE!

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

Lewis Hardware Co., RHINELANDER.

..... ACORN STOVES AND RANGES.

..... THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILL AND LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES IN THE CITY.

A Complete Assortment of Belting, Packing and Lacing, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Etc

THE NEW NORTH.
Published Thursday of each week by
Rhineland Printing Company.
W. W. BROWN, W. C. GORDON.
Subscription price, in advance, \$1.00
and paid in advance, \$2.00
Advertising rates reasonable and made known
on application.
Address all communications to
THE RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.,
Rhineland, Wis.

PROFESSIONAL.

ILLEK & McCORMICK,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Collections promptly looked after.
Office over First National Bank.

BAN & BARNES,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Rhineland, Wis.
Collections promptly attended to.
and county orders bought.

W. SHELTON
Attorney-at-Law,
Special attention paid to homestead
law and contests.
Rhineland, Wis.

AUL BROWNE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Rhineland, Wis.
Specialty.

J. BILLINGS,
Attorney & Counselor
Rhineland, Wis.

B. MCINDOE, D. D. S.
Dental Parlors,
of Rhineland Builders.

ITH
Physician & Surgeon
Office in Brown's Block.
Rhineland, Wis.

B. MCINDOE,
Physician & Surgeon
Rhineland, Wis.
Office in Gray's block.

ake View House.
CHAS. WILSON, PROP.
and week board at reasonable
A first-class house in every re-
Headquarters for Michigan men

Oneida House.
Thos. Crowley, Prop.
t-class Hotel in Every Respect.
Quarters for Commercial Men. Free
Bath Rooms. \$1.50 per day.

DOVER, L. F. PORTER, H. P. PADLEY
Over, Porter & Padley.
ARCHITECTS.
er block. Knight block.
Madison, Wis. Ashland, Wis.

FIRST NATIONAL
Bank of Rhineland.
Rhineland, Wisconsin
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Protection for Funds.

CHURCHES & SOCIETIES.

Congregational Church.
Sundays at 10:30 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.
and regular service at 8:30
A school immediately after morning ser-

Catholic Church.
Sundays every Sunday. Mass services at
A. M. Sunday school every Sunday at
8:30. Vespers every alternate Sunday at
8:00. FATHER JULY, Pastor.

Methodist Church.
Sundays at 10:30 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.
and regular service at 8:30 P. M.
school at 11:45 A. M. after morning ser-
Rev. D. C. SARGENT, Pastor.

Baptist Church Calendar.
SUNDAY.
Service and Sermon..... 11:00 A. M.
School..... 12:00 M.
Prayer Service..... 6:45 P. M.
Service and Sermon..... 7:30 P. M.
TUESDAY.
People's Meeting..... 7:30 P. M.
THURSDAY.
prayer meeting..... 7:30 P. M.
All are invited. All are welcome.

A. LOGAN POST, No. 232. Regular
service at 7:30 P. M. and 8:00 P. M.
at 11:45 A. M. in Rhineland block.
Pastor, Rev. L. J. BILLINGS, Adj.

I. O. O. F.
A. LONGE, No. 48. Regular meeting at
every Monday evening.
Pastor, Rev. F. A. HILDEBRAND, N. G.

D. D. FELLOWS' CAMP.
AN ENCAMPMENT, No. 18. Meets
at 8:30 P. M. every Wednesday evening.
Pastor, Rev. R. B. BASTIAN, Sec.

F. R. A. M.
LANDER LODGE, No. 242. Meets first
and third Thursdays in every month in the
Hall, Sec. W. W. Fry, W. M.

K. O. P.
Lodge No. 72. Holds regular meet-
ings Friday nights in open house block.
Pastor, Rev. J. R. Snyder, C. C.
and Bank meets every Wednesday night.

S. O. F.
Order Camp, No. 35. Wisconsin Division
at V. O. S. Meets at 8:00 P. M. at hall
and third Thursday evening of each
month. Visiting brothers always welcome.
W. W. Carr, Capt.

C. K. O. W.
Knights of Wicawind. Meeting last
day of each month at 4 P. M. at Good
Hall.
July, Sec. J. K. Korman, Treas.

LOCAL TIMETABLES

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN.
NORTH BOUND

No. 3—Limited..... 11:15 A. M.
No. 15—Accommodation..... 1:15 P. M.
No. 16—Accommodation..... 3:00 P. M.
SOUTH BOUND

No. 16—Accommodation..... 1:15 P. M.
No. 14—Accommodation..... 10:45 A. M.
No. 4—Limited..... 11:45 P. M.
H. O. HOWLAND, Agent

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

TRAINS WEST

No. 3—Mail and express..... 10:12 P. M.
No. 37—Passenger..... 7:53 A. M. local
between Minneapolis and Cannon Junction.
No. 21—Freight and Accommodation..... 9:47 A. M.

TRAINS EAST

No. 36—Passenger..... 5:27 P. M. local
between Minneapolis and Cannon Junction.
No. 1—Mail and Express..... 3:23 A. M.
No. 22—Freight and Accommodation..... 5:45 P. M.
No. 3—Mails and Express..... 11:46 P. M.
at Cannon Junction.

Nos. 3 and 4 daily. Other trains daily except
Sundays. Nos. 3 and 4 make close connection
at Bradley for Tomahawk. Nos. 36 and 37 make
close connection at Cannon Junction to and
from points on Omaha R'y. No. 21 makes good
connections for points on C. & N. R'y, via
Hedburg Junction.

The following witty letter has not
been published in nearly 20 years, but
has lost none of its lustre. It was
sent to an eastern insurance company
by a Cleveland man years ago.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of a postal
advising that my next annual premi-
um (policy No. 43,368) is \$147.03.
Thereby I am reminded that the life
insurance business, as managed by
your company, is like the providence
of God, "past finding out." I began
by paying \$80 cash and \$52 note on
this policy in 1867. It seemed an in-
expensive luxury. It would have
been if I had died. I happily sur-
vived, and now for ten years have
been struggling as much to keep the
policy as myself alive. But the apper-
tite of this policy, I observe, does
grow by what it feeds on, and the
danger is that it will shortly exceed
in its demands my ability to answer,
and I shall see it die on my hands.
The steady and constant increase
in the amount of the premium on
this policy began to excite my curi-
osity, not to say my admiration,
several years ago. The agent to
whom I applied for enlightenment—I
have passed through the hands of
five or six, each of whom have
amassed a fortune and retired—so
overwhelmed me with mathematics
of the most mixed and abstruse char-
acter that I fell back from the in-
vestigation greatly humiliated at
my own ignorance, and profoundly
impressed with the resources of either
the company or the agent, I could
not decide which. I think I realize,
and I hope I appreciate gratefully,
the beneficent operation of this
steady progression in cost of the
policy. It makes one contemplate
death with resignation, and to look
upon that consummation as a check-
mate to the company. Did you ever
think how Booth or John McCullough
might improve Hamlet's soliloquy
and thrill an ordinary audience by
just holding up one of your life in-
surance policies as snuffing the action
to the word, at the passage: "There's
the respect that makes calamity of
so long life?"

"But I fear I trespass on your time.
Is it true that insurance officials, not-
withstanding the meanness of their
salaries, are over-worked? I will
come at once to business. I need not
trace the steady upward progress of
these premiums. Sufficient that last
year I paid \$12.75, and this year you
call for \$147.03 upon a policy, the
annual premium on which was \$13.
ten years ago. At this rate of in-
crease, and with my discouragingly
sound health I can not undertake to
compete with the company. I am
aware, of course, that a policy-holder
who has paid ten annual premiums
can hardly expect the consideration
due those who, not being insured,
seek information. Being a fish in
the basket, I do not expect the con-
sideration due one in the sea; and
yet I could like to know whether
policy No. 43,368 has any surrender
value? Can you give me any infor-
mation on the subject? I am already in
possession of a considerable accumu-
lation of tracts, pamphlets, circulars,
almanacs, calendars, and extracts
from religious newspapers which
afford abundant knowledge as to the
facilities and methods for getting in
to life insurance; what I seek now is
information how to get out.

Pardon me, sir, if I have used too
great familiarity in addressing a man
whose acquaintance with logarithms
and mortality tables, and the differ-
ential calculus entitles him to the
name of benefactor and the salary of
actuary. I am not ignorant what is
due the representative of \$27,000,000
—if that's the figure—of assets. I
address you because your name ap-
pears on the seductive postal card
which invites me to add \$147.03 to
the \$27,000,000. I presume you are
no stranger to the complaints of dis-
appointed policy holders, and it is
not improbable that you dismiss
them all with the remark of the
Apostle Paul on returning a box of
Dr. Ayer's celebrated cathartic
cathartic pills to the elders of the
church at Ephesus, "None of these
things move me." But there may be
some one in your employ who can
show me the cheapest way out. Will
you please refer me to him, that I
may present my policy and receipts
and things with the commendum
which at one time staggered the
intelligence of such a statesman as
Daniel Webster: "What is all this
worth?"

County Board Proceedings.
County Clerk's office, Rhineland,
Wis., Monday, Oct. 17, 1892, 8 o'clock
P. M.

County board met pursuant to ad-
journment. Present—Supervisors
Brown, Doyle, McIntyre and the
chairman—4. Minutes of previous
meeting read and approved.

Resolution No. (1) one; Resolution
offered by Supervisor Brown. Re-
solved: By the county board of
supervisors of Oneida county that the
chairman and treasurer are hereby
authorized to negotiate loans for the
county from time to time as they
shall be needed to meet county orders
drawn against the county tax for the

current year, until said tax shall be
received by the treasurer.

Signed,
A. W. BROWN,
Dated this 17th day of Oct. 1892.
Supervisor Doyle moved to adopt.
Motion prevailed, all members present
voting aye.

Rhineland, Wis., Oct. 17, '92.
To the county board of supervisors
of Oneida county:

GENTLEMEN:—Oneida county order
No. 4027, dated Sept. 13, '92, drawn to
Rhineland Hospital Company, is
lost, and I believe said order to have
been accidentally burned. I hereby
petition you to instruct the chairman
and clerk to issue a duplicate of said
order payable in case said first order
is unpaid.

Signed,
JOHN SHEPHER,
Supt. of Rhineland Hospital.

Resolution No. (2) two; Resolution
offered by Supervisor Brown. Re-
solved: By the county board of su-
pervisors of Oneida county that,
whereas it appears by the petition of
John Shepherd, Supt. of Rhineland
Hospital Company, that Oneida
county order No. 4027, dated Sept.
13, '92, drawn to Rhineland Hospital
Co., has been accidentally lost or
destroyed. Now, therefore, the
chairman and clerk are hereby in-
structed to draw a duplicate of such
order payable in case such original
order is unpaid, and the treasurer is
instructed to keep the description
and number of such, posted in his
office.

Signed,
A. W. BROWN.
Dated this 17th day of Oct. '92.

On motion of Supervisor McIntyre
the above resolution was adopted.

Resolution No. (3) three. Resolu-
tion offered by Supervisor Doyle. Re-
solved: By the county board of su-
pervisors of Oneida county that the
sum of \$300 is hereby appropriated to finish
the north end of the Hazelhurst and
Rhineland county road.

Signed,
M. F. DOYLE.
Dated this 17th day of Oct. '92.

On motion of Supervisor Brown
above resolution was adopted.

Resolution No. (4) four. Resolu-
tion offered by Supervisor Doyle.
Resolved: By the county board of
supervisors of Oneida county that
the Oneida and Eagle River town
roads be declared a county road,
commencing at the north end of the
Oneida and Hazelhurst road and
thence over the Saint Germain road
and then connect with the Rhine-
lander county road in Section 31,
Town 40, Range 10, E.

Signed,
M. F. DOYLE.
Dated this 17th day of Oct. '92.

Above resolution was adopted by
the following vote: ayes, Doyle, Mc-
Intyre and the chairman—3. Nays,
A. W. Brown—1.

On motion of Supervisor Brown
county board adjourned to Tuesday
Oct. 18, '92, 8 A. M.

E. P. BRENNAN,
County Clerk.

County Clerk's office Rhineland,
Wis., Tuesday, Oct. 18, '92, 8 A. M.

County board met pursuant to
adjournment. Present—Supervisors
Brown, Doyle, McIntyre and the
chairman—4.

Rhineland, Oct. 17, '92.
To the county board of supervisors
of Oneida county:

GENTLEMEN:—We make you an
offer of one hundred and fifty dollars
for the following described lands for
a quitclaim deed and all out-standing
certificates:

1. E. S. E. Section 15, T. 36, R. 5, E.
2. W. S. W. Section 20, T. 36, R. 5, E.
3. W. S. W. Section 20, T. 36, R. 5, E.
EMERSON RUNS.

Above resolution was accepted at
\$180.

The application of G. W. Smith for
county lands was laid over till next
meeting.

On motion of Supervisor Brown
the following accounts were allowed
and the chairman and clerk instructed
to draw orders for same:

F. W. McIntyre, support of co. p. or..... \$ 22.00
F. W. McIntyre, labor and supplies for Mil-
waukee road..... 218.75
F. W. McIntyre, labor and supplies for
Rhineland road..... 80.55
G. W. Bishop Pub. Co. board proceedings..... 512.35
G. W. Bishop Pub. Co. seven range books..... 31.28
John C. Marx, labor on county highway..... 128.60
C. C. Yawker, labor and supplies for Hazel-
hurst county road..... 31.97
M. F. Doyle, labor and supplies Hazelhurst
county road..... 56.11
E. P. Brennan, copying letter book for su-
pervisor..... 18.40
Dave Quinn, work on court house..... 20.50
W. D. Hildbrand, supplies for co. p. or..... 109.85
A. Selveright, looking county lands..... 21.00
Alex. McKee, work on court house..... 42.00
Shaw Pub. Co. supplies for county..... 26.21
D. J. Lyons, work on county road..... 210.00
More and rownt, labor on co. road..... 820.00
S. T. Hicks, setting glass..... 8.00
Robert Gutzwill, work on county road..... 100.00
Henry Hirsch, work on county road..... 14.18
Spafford & Co., supplies for county road..... 38.56
Fred Goss, meals for jury men..... 8.50
Rhineland Hospital, poor account..... 27.92
R. C. Spawer, digging grave for Weiser..... 3.00
W. G. Knapp, work on court house..... 43.00
J. N. Altmann, work on court house..... 27.00
Frank Feinberg, work on court house..... 13.00
F. A. Hildbrand, funeral exp. of R. W. G.
Hildbrand, co. p. or..... 55.85
F. A. Hildbrand, carrying co. p. or..... 11.45
Joselyn & Clarke, work on court house..... 23.67
Paul Electric Light Co., light..... 57.99
A. W. Schmitt, post office for county..... 50.75
J. W. McIntyre, work on court house..... 41.90
Lou McIntyre, coal for prisoners..... 557.51
L. Weiser, burial of Weiser on co. road..... 5.50
Rhineland Hospital duplicate county
order No. 4027..... 109.00

To the honorable county board of
Oneida County:

GENTLEMEN:—I will give one hun-
dred and eighty dollars (\$180) for a
quit claim deed and all out-standing
certificates on the N. E. 1/4 of the S. W.

1/4 Section 23, Town 36, Range 5, W. 1/2
of S. W. 1/4, Section 20, Town 36, Range
5 East.

G. W. SMITH,
Tomahawk, Wis.
Dated Sept. 27, 1892.

To the honorable county board of
Oneida County, Wis.:

GENTLEMEN:—I will give one hun-
dred and fifteen (\$115) dollars for a
quit claim deed and all out-standing
certificates on the N. W. 1/4 of S. W. 1/4
Sec. 10, Town 37, Range 5 East; Lot
10, Sec. 10, Town 37, Range 5 East;
Lot 8, Sec. 10, Town 37, Range 5 East;
Lot 3, Sec. 10, Town 37, Range 5 East;
East; S. E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4 Sec. 22, Town
37, Range 5 East.

GEO. W. SMITH,
Dated Oct. 17, 1892.
On motion board adjourned sine die.

E. P. BRENNAN,
Co. Clerk.

Proceedings of the School Board.
Rhineland, Oct. 8, 1892.

Board met pursuant to the call of
the secretary. Quorum present.
Minutes of previous meeting read
and approved.

The following named teachers ap-
plied to have their salary raised:
Wm. H. Rezin, Myrtle Westenhaven
and Mary H. Griswald. On motion
requests were not granted.

On motion secretary was instructed
to advertise for bids for building a
school house on west side of river
pursuant to plans made by him.

The following bills were presented,
audited and allowed and secretary
instructed to draw orders therefor:

R. M. Douglas, repairs on school house..... \$ 8.45
Midland Pub. Co. school registers..... 24.30
Shelton & Co. school books..... 11.25
M. H. Greedy, repairs on school house..... 21.00
Silver, Burnett & Co. school books..... 18.90
G. W. Beers, building school house..... 112.00
Shu Reed, janitor work..... 36.15
Geo. C. Phiggy, janitor work..... 41.80
Ben. Y. Hagen, janitor work..... 21.00
Haffacker & Co. wood..... 30.00

On motion board adjourned to
meet at call of secretary.

SAM S. MILLER, Sec.
Oct. 22, 1892.

Board met pursuant to call of the
secretary. Quorum present.

Bids were opened for the building
of a school house on the west side of
the river in district No. 6. The bids
were as follows:

McDonald & McArthur..... \$1,180
C. Eby..... 995
Geo. W. Beers..... 985

On motion the bid of Geo. W. Beers
was accepted and secretary in-
structed to make contract for the
building.

The petitions of residents of Mc-
Cord and vicinity was presented,
asking that a school be established
at that place. Action on the petition
was postponed until the attendance
of clerk of district No. 4 could be had.

The committee appointed to make
settlement with the school district of
the town of Hazelhurst reported to
the board that they had agreed upon
a basis of settlement of the amount
due from the school district of the
town of Pelican to the school dis-
trict of the town of Hazelhurst, on
account of the setting off a portion
of the town of Pelican and the for-
mation of the town of Hazelhurst,
by the county board, as follows:

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT.
Assets of the school district of the town of
Pelican at the time of division..... \$ 2,185.12
Cash on hand..... 9,000.00
Value of high school building and
grounds..... 9,000.00
Value of south side building and
grounds..... 3,000.00
Value of north side building and
grounds..... 1,000.00
Value of current building and grounds..... 150.00
Value of Pelican Lake building and
grounds..... 150.00
Value of Hazelhurst building and
grounds..... 300.00
Value of furniture and apparatus..... 1,500.00
Total assets..... \$17,285.12

Liabilities at time of
division..... \$8,150.00
Loans from state..... \$13,070.64
Bills outstanding..... 4,920.61 \$13,070.64

Assets in excess of liabilities..... \$ 4,214.48

The above excess should be appor-
tioned in accordance with the valua-
tion of the territory of the two
school districts as follows:

Pelican valuation..... \$548,515 — 60 per cent
Hazelhurst valuation..... 250,000 — 31 per cent

That under such apportionment
the town of Hazelhurst would be
entitled to receive from the town of
Pelican:

31 per cent of \$4,214.48 or..... \$1,306.48
The value of Hazelhurst school
house..... 300.00

Amount Hazelhurst on settlement..... \$1,006.48

On motion the above settlement
was approved by the board and the
report of the committee adopted.

On motion board adjourned to
meet on call of secretary.

SAM S. MILLER, Sec.
Nov. 19, 1892.

Board met pursuant to call of the
secretary. Quorum present.

Minutes of last preceding meeting
read and approved.

The question of granting the peti-
tion of C. H. Vorhis et al. for the
location of a school at McCord, was
taken up and discussed by the board
and motion made and carried that
the secretary instruct Mr. Vorhis
that if the people of McCord would
furnish a suitable room the board
would employ a teacher for a three
months' school, and that if the at-
tendance at such school averaged
ten pupils or more such teacher
would be continued for three months
additional.

W. B. Brown offered the following
resolution:

Resolved, that the secretary be and
is hereby instructed to request A. W.
Shelton, as attorney for the board,
to take such steps as may be neces-

sary to have the judgment in favor
of the school district town of Pel-
ican vs. school district town of Rock
Falls, placed in the tax roll of said
town of Rock Falls for collection
this year.

On motion the secretary was in-
structed to advertise for bids for fur-
nishing wood to the several school
houses in the village, such bids to be
in on or before December 24, 1892.

On motion the following bills were
allowed and secretary instructed to
draw orders for the same:

W. D. Harrison, coal..... \$ 46.86
Rahney Moran, wood..... 4.00
American Book Co., books..... 25.90
Geo. W. Beers, repairing on school house..... 2.25
Alban & Barnes, insurance..... 62.50
Irvin Gray, school supplies..... 18.14
Leach, Rowell & Co. school books..... 23.88
F. A. Hildbrand, school desks..... 179.80
F. H. Blomel, school supplies..... 68.00
Amberle & Hinman, school supplies..... 16.66
Alban & Barnes, coats, school cases..... 72.90
R. W. Fish, coats, school cases..... 18.00

On motion board adjourned to
meet at call of secretary.

SAM S. MILLER, Sec.

T. A. CHAPMAN CO.
Our Annual Clearing Sale of
Ladies' Muslin Underwear
Will Begin Tuesday, Jan. 3.

We will offer a Large Assortment of Muslin Underwear.
These Goods are Made to Order and are the Same Make and
Superior Quality that we have offered at previous sales, better
than the other grades of Underwear offered at these sales
throughout the country and better in quality and finish than
can be made at home and much lower in price.

- - Our Great Annual - -
LINEN SALE
Will also Commence on Tuesday, Jan. 3.

When we will offer a very large assortment of Linen Damask
Table Cloths in all qualities and sizes, with 5x8 and 3x4
Napkins to match.

T. A. CHAPMAN CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. G. SQUIER
—DEALER IN—
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Etc.,
Repairing and Engraving Neatly Done.

Carry a full stock of the best make of watches in the best
gold and silver cases at very low prices.

Store in Fausts' Block. Rhineland, Wisconsin

C. E. CRUSOE & Co.
BUYERS
OF.....
Clothing
will do well to
give us a call
as we have...
some.....
Rare Bargains for All.
This will be your
last opportunity
to save Dollars
on anything in
Our Clothing De-
partment.
C. E. CRUSOE & COMPANY.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER. WISCONSIN.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

DOMESTIC.

GEORGE FAUST, who murdered his mistress, Laura Day, at Omaha, was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Terrible losses among stock owing to cold weather and deep snow were reported from Englewood, Kan.

HELEN GOULD, daughter of the late Jay Gould, is said to have decided to give away the greater portion of her income to charitable objects.

The Western Commercial Travelers' association in session at St. Louis elected David W. Caruth, of that city, as president.

Dr. A. LAGOMRO, the director of the Chicago Pasteur Institute, says that he is the discoverer of a new cure for epilepsy.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER made the University of Chicago a Christmas present of \$1,000,000, making a total of \$3,600,000 that he has given to that institution.

Fire destroyed the new music hall of Pillsbury academy at Owatonna, Minn., which had just been completed through the generosity of George A. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis.

INCENDIARY fires in Milwaukee destroyed the tanneries of the William Becker Leather company and Conrad Bros., causing a loss of \$250,000 and the death of three men, and the street car barns and electric plant of the Villard line, the loss being \$300,000.

JOHN JACKSON, a colored man who eloped with Lizzie Hinkle, a pretty white waitress, was taken from the jail and tarred and feathered at West Liberty, O.

At Jacksonville, Fla., the business of Charles Da Costa, a large printer and publisher, was closed by the sheriff.

THE Delaware county courthouse at Muncie, Ind., was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

DARTMOUTH college at Hanover, N. H., has received a bequest of \$200,000 from the estate of the late Ralph Butterfield, M. D., of Kansas City, Mo.

The proposition advanced by the last Michigan legislature to hold a constitutional convention, which was voted on at the November election, was carried by a majority of 600.

At Omaha, Neb., E. Ewing, his wife and son were fatally poisoned by drugs placed in their coffee by a son-in-law with whom they had quarreled.

The house of Isaac Irwin at Kirklint, Ind., was blown into kindling-wood by the explosion of natural gas, and Mrs. Irwin and her daughter Retta were fatally injured.

A NEGRO who assaulted Miss Anderson (white) at Bowling Green, Ky., was taken from jail by a mob and hanged.

AN explosion of dynamite in Long Island City, L. I., killed Mary Garden, Henry O'Brien, Mrs. Rocco, John Hopkins and Nicola Lodano.

JAMES DUNBAR, who, in 1877, was sentenced with Robert Scott to imprisonment for twenty years in the state prison for robbing the Northampton (Mass.) National bank of nearly \$2,000,000 in cash, has been pardoned by the governor.

THREE dwellings in Ossawatimie, Kan., owned by William Chestnut, caught fire from natural gas and burned four persons to death.

THE Bank of Fairfax, Minn., J. A. Beard, president, and F. A. Gray, cashier, closed its doors and its officers left for parts unknown. Depositors will lose over \$12,000.

In a fight among miners in the San Juan (Col.) mining camp over claims eleven men were killed and many others were wounded.

ANDREW DEBUI, of Columbus, O., aged 72, choked to death on a piece of bread while eating breakfast.

THE African Press association of Georgia has issued an address which recommends, along with other reforms, that the word "negro" be given preference over "colored," and that it be spelled with a capital "N."

THE house of Thomas Griffiths at Leon, Kan., was burned during his absence and his three children perished in the flames.

Mrs. JOHN GRIFFITH, who resides in Crosey, Ind., presented her husband with three girl babies.

A PASSENGER car on the east-bound Lake Erie & Western passenger train blew up near Lima, O., fatally injuring the conductor and a passenger.

ERNEST CRUSE and Andrew Falls, two convicts, died at the penitentiary in Little Rock, Ark., from the effects of the poison taken while at Helena. These deaths swell the number of victims to thirteen.

The inspectors of the treasury department in Boston have discovered an opium smugglers' rendezvous.

By the breaking of a levee in Sutter county, Cal., over 30,000 acres of the most fertile land in the state were several feet under water, and the damage was estimated at \$1,000,000.

WYLAND, TRASK & Co., New York stock brokers, failed for \$150,000. Secret speculations of one of the firm caused the suspension.

Mrs. JAMES HEDGECOCK, wife of a prominent politician at Springfield, O., dropped dead from the shock of discovering in a room the dead body of a relative, who had died suddenly.

G. W. PENROSE and C. M. Howe, Brooklyn Center (Minn.) farmers, were struck by a passenger train and killed.

The report of Pension Commissioner Raum shows that twenty widows of soldiers of the revolutionary war of 1776 still live and draw pensions.

The boiler of the saw mill of Duke & Hurus at Jaken, Ga., exploded, killing three negroes, James Wilbanks, Guffin Phillips and Joe Smith.

An engine on the Fort Wayne road ran into a crowded street car at the Forty-seventh street crossing in Chicago, killing four persons and injuring eleven others.

LUDWIG KAHN, a prominent dry-goods man at Duluth, Minn., failed for \$150,000.

In a drunken quarrel at Gardnersville, Ky., between John Barnes and his brother-in-law, James Kerr, Mrs. Barnes and the two men were killed.

A. G. WEISSERT, commander in chief of the G. A. R., has issued an order announcing the formation of a national association of ex-army and navy chaplains.

SMUGGLED opium valued at \$12,000 was found at San Francisco in the hold of the steamer Oceanic from Hong Kong.

LEWIS FOX and Adam Gripson, both colored, were hanged by a mob at Huling, La., for murdering Emanuel Basset, a grocery clerk.

BECKOLARS broke into the Onondaga penitentiary at Syracuse, N. Y., and got the outer door of the safe open, but could not open the inner door.

MISS MARY E. GARRETT, daughter of the late John W. Garrett, of Baltimore, presented John Hopkins university with \$300,000.

FRANK IVES has sent out an announcement from New York that he is ready to play anybody in the world for any part of \$10,000 at balk line billiards.

EXCHANGES amounting to \$1,656,549,438 were reported by the leading clearing houses in the United States during the seven days ended on the 30th, against \$1,512,261,277 the previous seven days.

As compared with the corresponding week of 1891 the increase was 6.4.

Work has commenced again on the monument over the grave of Mary, the mother of Washington, at Frederickburg, Md.

WHILE men near Tannersville, Pa., were thawing dynamite for blasting purposes four of them, two white and two colored, were instantly killed by an explosion.

A SHANTY on the levee in Kansas City, Kan., was burned and "Mother" Renny Simmons, its only occupant, an ex-slave over 100 years old, was fatally burned.

FRANK A. RETAN, a young business man at Hudson, Mich., has received \$32,345.65 from the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway company for the loss of both of his feet at a street crossing.

A. J. HUNNETH was executed at Harrison, Ark., for the murder of George Watkins in 1887.

THE receipts from internal revenue for the first five months of the current fiscal year aggregated \$70,445,070, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$5,712,870.

SAM LEGGETT came across a box containing \$10,000 in the cavity of a tree he was cutting down near Denison, Tex. It was undoubtedly secreted during the days of the rebellion.

MASKED men gained entrance to the jail at Greenville, Ala., and took John Hipp and Charles Kelly out and hanged them. They were charged with the killing of Tax Collector Armstrong.

PROF. CHARLES A. BRIGGS has been acquitted by the New York presbytery of the charge of heresy.

A MERCANTILE agency in New York says that the year 1892 was the most prosperous ever known in business. In New York the excess of merchandise exports has been not far from \$70,000,000, with the largest imports and the largest total of exports and imports ever known in any year.

THE aggregate of United States currency, fractional and otherwise, estimated to have been destroyed since 1862 and not likely to be presented for redemption is \$14,000,000.

FLAMES at Evansville, Ind., that started in G. W. Warren's music house, caused a loss of \$100,000.

This year 1892 was remarkable for fewer failures than have occurred in any other year since 1886, the number reported being 10,344, or 2.029 less than in 1891. The indebtedness of firms failing was but \$114,000,000 in 1892, against \$189,000,000 in 1891 and about the same in 1890. The average liabilities of firms failing in 1892 has been only \$11,000, the lowest average reported since 1878.

By the explosion of a plumber's gas-line stove in a house at Orange, Mass., caused by placing it on the top of a hot cooking stove, five persons were badly injured.

THE discovery was made that the timber on 3,000 acres of school lands in McDonald, Christian and Ia Glade counties, Mo., had been stolen.

S. V. WHITE, who fifteen months ago failed on the New York board of trade for \$800,000, has settled in full with his creditors.

THE Canada steamer Umbria arrived in New York eleven days overdue. The delay was caused by a breakage in the machinery.

JOHN LADD, living at Carpenter, Ala., threatened to kill the family of James Reid, when a young son of Reid seized a shotgun and discharged it full in Ladd's face, blowing both of his eyes out.

A. H. FAIRCHILD, one of the most skillful marine divers in the country, was killed while 25 feet under water by an explosion of dynamite which he was preparing for a blast at a pier in New York.

ORANGE JUDD, the veteran agricultural journalist and philanthropist, died at his home in Evanston, Ill., at the age of 70. He had been in poor health for several months.

Mrs. LUI LESZYNSKY, 124 years old, died in Washington. She was born at Wilna, Russia, in 1768, and came to this country two and a half years ago.

Mrs. MARY A. BRANDRETH, wife of Dr. George Brandreth of pill fame, was found dead in bed at her residence in Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

LEADERS of the people's party in session at Indianapolis issued a manifesto denouncing fusion with either dominant party for the election of senators.

LORING PICKERING, senior proprietor of the Morning Call, died in San Francisco, aged 80 years. Mr. Pickering was the oldest pioneer newspaper man on the Pacific coast.

JAMES G. BLANK was so much better that the project of removing him to Cuba for the winter was being discussed.

BON SLAVIN, the comedian, died suddenly in Toledo, O. He was one of the most popular minstrel men in the country.

E. T. INGALLS, father of ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, died in Haverhill, Mass., aged 83 years.

EX-COUNTY COMMISSIONER RECTOR, aged 90 years, and a Mexican war veteran, died at Brazil, Ind.

JUDITH HARTON BATES, ex-judge of the supreme court of Missouri and attorney general in President Lincoln's cabinet, died in St. Louis, aged 69 years.

SENATORS ALLISON, Hale and Morgan, the representatives of the United States at the monetary conference in Brussels, have arrived in Washington.

THREE old residents of Dubuque county, Ia.—N. J. Loes, of Key West, aged 91; James Lynch, of Washington Mills, aged 92, and E. G. French, of Epworth, aged 72—died on the same day.

FOREIGN.

THE Russian authorities believe that they have unearthed a widespread plot against the czar in which a number, not only of the lower officials, but also those of higher rank, are involved.

A BATTLE took place near Las Animas, Mexico, between 300 Mexican troops and 250 revolutionists, in which thirteen soldiers were killed and many wounded and the troops were routed.

In a fight between soldiers and bandits near Tanguistedro, Mexico, six of the bandits were killed.

THE seventieth anniversary of the birth of M. Louis Pasteur, the distinguished biologist and chemist, was celebrated in Paris with great pomp.

THE Law society of Toronto, Ont., has decided that women may practice law in that province.

THE famine in north Finland was increasing, and there was a movement in Sweden to renew the subscriptions of the last year for the aid of the starving Finlanders.

JOHN BOULDER and Emma Shea, aged 19, were drowned while skating at Portsmouth, Ont.

Mrs. McNAB, of Godmanchester, Can., celebrated her 110th birthday. She was in good health and possessed her faculties, except those of hearing and memory.

WILLIAM POTTER, the newly appointed American minister to Italy, presented his credentials to King Humbert.

ANARCHISTS attempted to blow up with dynamite the police office in Paris, but only little damage was done.

THE Russian minister of justice has decided to exempt female convicts in Siberia from flogging and wearing manacles and to substitute punishment by restricted diet and isolation.

WILLIAM E. GLADSTONE celebrated his 83rd birthday in London. Queen Victoria was among the earliest to congratulate him.

THE mail coach between Malwa and Warsaw, in Russia, was robbed of 60,000 rubles.

ADVICES from St. Petersburg and other parts of Russia show that the persecution of the Jews and the inhumanity of the czar's officials toward that race are greater than ever before.

THE cholera continues to spread in the north of France.

A CYCLONE passed over Vera Cruz, Mexico, causing great damage to property.

A PRIOR to burn up Buenos Ayres was discovered, and a number of policemen and firemen were arrested on the charge of being connected with the conspiracy. Plunder was the object.

THE \$7,000 stolen some time ago from the express office in Sarnia, Ont., was found hidden in an old storepipe in the express company's barn.

LATER.

A YOUNG daughter of Lewis McVey, at Millersburg, O., attempted to extinguish a large hanging lamp, the 1st, blowing down the chimney. There was a terrific explosion, which knocked the girl down and covered her clothing with the blazing oil. She was fatally burned.

At Newton, Ind., the 1st, Henry Wood shot and killed himself, the result of a lovers' quarrel.

At San Francisco, Cal., Sydney McCoy lost his life at the hands of Miss O'ace King in a very strange manner. A party had assembled and were having amateur theatricals. In the play the girl, instead of killing herself, was to stab her executioner, and as Miss King received the knife she reached forward to touch McCoy on the breast with the knife. At the same instant McCoy started towards the girl, when she stumbled, and falling forward with the dagger in her hand drove it through McCoy's heart.

In New York twenty-eight cases of typhus fever developed the 1st, the majority of them coming from the cheap lodging house, No. 34 Bayard street, from which three cases were reported on Saturday. All the persons afflicted were removed to Riverside hospital and a quarantine has been established at all the places where cases were discovered.

Two masked men compelled Mr. Johnson, the county treasurer of Vernon county, Wis., to give up \$5,000 of the county funds. He had settled with the county commissioners and was in his office fixing up the books and papers preparatory to turning them over to his successor.

THE Minnesota legislature convened at noon of the 2d.

THE exports of specie from the port of New York for the last week were \$1,305,600, of which \$508,900 in gold and \$796,700 in silver went to Europe, and \$78,412 in gold and \$12,788 in silver went to South America.

BOTH branches of the legislative assembly of New Mexico have adopted a joint memorial to congress asking for statehood.

Four the night of the 1st destroyed a large portion of the Jesuit college of St. Francis Xavier in New York City. Brother Corneley, a priest, who is 60 and infirm, was in a room on the top floor. He was blinded by the dense smoke and lost his way. He died shortly after being removed from the building.

PROF. BRIGGS WINS.

The New York Presbytery Votes Against Sustaining the Charges of His Prosecutors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The session of the New York presbytery, which is sitting as a court on the trial of Prof. Briggs, was begun promptly at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon. Each member was allowed three minutes in which to express his views.

The voting on the first charge was begun at 4 o'clock and the vote on the sixth charge was completed and the presbytery adjourned shortly before 6 o'clock. The result of the several ballots was then announced to the reporters. The result was a great surprise, for on all of the six counts the vote was adverse to sustaining the charges.

On the first charge, accusing Prof. Briggs of teaching that the reason is a source of Divine authority, the vote was as follows: To sustain the charge, 60; against sustaining the charge, 68.

On the second charge, which accuses Prof. Briggs with charging that the church is a source of Divine authority, there were 55 votes in favor of sustaining the charge and 71 against.

The closest vote was on the third charge, that Prof. Briggs taught that the Scriptures contained errors of history and fact. On this charge the vote was as follows: To sustain the charge, 61; against, 68.

After this vote had been taken two or three of the anti-Briggs men left the court and others refrained from voting on the last three charges.

On the fourth charge, accusing Prof. Briggs with teaching that Moses was not the author of the pentateuch, the result was: To sustain the charges, 55; against, 73.

The vote on the fifth charge, accusing Prof. Briggs with teaching that Isaiah did not write many of the chapters in the book bearing his name was: In favor of sustaining the charge, 49; against, 70.

The vote on the sixth charge, accusing Prof. Briggs of teaching that sanctification is progressive after death, was as follows: To sustain the charge, 57; against, 69.

The case will be appealed to the general assembly, which will meet in Washington early in the spring. The assembly will appoint a commission consisting of fourteen unprejudiced members to act on the appeal.

The friends of Dr. Briggs were greatly pleased with the result. They had calculated on a majority ranging from four to six.

The movement against Dr. Briggs practically took its rise January 20, 1891, when he was given the Edward Remondino chair of biblical theology in the Union theological seminary. The alleged heretical doctrines he was accused of giving utterance to were culled from his inaugural address on that occasion. His address was severely criticized by many Presbyterian ministers in New York and by numerous others attached to outside presbyteries. Several articles according to him for the views expressed were printed in religious journals.

Demands were also made upon the New York presbytery that summary measures of discipline be taken in Dr. Briggs' case.

The friends of Dr. Briggs claimed that the real motive of the attack on him was to stop the movement in favor of the revision of the Bible. He had been one of the foremost leaders of the revisionists in the previous general assembly. The anti-revisionists, it was claimed, thought that if they could get him turned out of the seminary and then out of the church they could make an example of him that would scare others who held the same views and kill revision at one stroke.

The New York presbytery met May 29, 1891, and after a stormy debate resolved that Dr. Briggs should be tried for heresy, and a committee was appointed to prefer formal charges.

The directors of the Union theological seminary propounded questions to Dr. Briggs which he answered to their satisfaction on May 29, 1891, and they decided to stand by him. The presentation of the charges was made in June, 1891. At the meeting of the general assembly, held in Detroit, Mich., May 27, 1891, the committee on theological seminaries, to which the whole matter had been referred, presented its report condemning Dr. Briggs and advising that his appointment to the chair of biblical theology in the Union theological seminary be discontinued. After two lengthy conferences by the committee of fifteen, appointed by the Presbyterian general assembly of Detroit and the directors of the seminary as to the removal of Dr. Briggs from his chair, they came to a satisfactory understanding.

Dr. Briggs was arraigned before the New York presbytery November 15, 1891, and it was voted to dismiss the charges against him without trial.

His prosecutors appealed from this decision to the next meeting of the general assembly at Portland, Ore., May 30, 1892. Dr. Briggs argued his case but the case was sent back to the presbytery for trial.

DIED IN HIS ARMOR.

A. H. FAIRCHILD killed by a Dynamite Explosion in Thirty-Five Feet of Water.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A. H. Fairchild, one of the most skillful marine divers in the country, met a peculiar death in 35 feet of water at the end of the Iman line pier in the North river. He went down into the water in his diving suit, carrying with him several sticks of dynamite to be used in blasting out the rocky bottom. After he had been under water several minutes the men overhead, who were pumping air to the diver, heard a muffled explosion and the water was disturbed. Not answering a signal Fairchild was pulled up. His helmet was crushed into the side of his face and the dynamite had evidently exploded while Fairchild was ramming it down. On examination it was found that the concussion had snapped the valves of his heart, killing him almost instantly.

Chopped His Wife to Pieces.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Dec. 31.—At Covert Friday an old man named Plank chopped his wife to pieces with an ax and then tried to kill himself. He was prevented and is in jail. He has six children.

Verdict of Accidental Death.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 31.—After an investigation of the loss of life at the tannery fire Tuesday morning a coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental death and expressly stated that they blamed nobody. The jury did not feel warranted in giving an expression as to the origin of the fire, but seemed to favor the incendiary theory.

Vail Will Not Be Tried.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 31.—The trial of Charles F. Vail, who was accused of murdering his wife at Old Orchard two years ago, has been so far pressed at St. Charles county court.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR.

Trade Has Followed the Lines of an Enlarging Prosperity—The Most Prosperous Year Ever Known.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The most prosperous year ever known in business closes today with strongly favorable indications for the future. From nearly all points comes the report that the holiday trade has been the largest ever known, and while wholesale trade is not usually active at this season of stock taking it is remarkably large. Settlements through clearing houses outside New York in December were apparently the largest ever made in any month, exceeding last year's by more than 10 per cent. For the year the volume is also about 10 per cent larger than last year, and the largest ever known. Railroad earnings in December show an increase of about 3 per cent. over last year, and for the year an increase of about 5.3 per cent. Cotton has been smaller than last year in volume of exports—at New York \$7,500,000 in value for the last four weeks, and at cotton ports about \$10,000,000 less—but imports at New York have been \$3,000,000 larger, and the month still shows a great excess of exports. For the year the excess of merchandise exports has been not far from \$20,000,000, with the largest imports and the largest total of exports and imports ever known in any year.

The year closes with all woolen, cotton and silk machinery fully employed, and unsold stocks of goods much lighter than usual, while the demand for the coming season already exceeds the capacity of many mills. The orders for dry goods are extraordinary. Sales of wool at the chief markets have been \$30,000,000 in average prices, against \$24,000,000 last year, and foreign imports have been the largest ever known, with a domestic supply but slightly behind the largest.

Boston reports a quiet wholesale trade. Wool is quiet, but firm. At Philadelphia iron is weak. At Pittsburgh iron is slower, and the demand for finished products is diminishing, but glass is fairly active. The shoe trade of Cleveland is excellent and other trade good, though in iron no improvement is seen, and 4,000,000 tons iron ore remain on the docks. No clothing trade is good at Cincinnati, and dry goods and ready business up to the usual mark. At Detroit trade is maintained. Business at Chicago is good in all lines, especially in heavy dry goods. Holiday trade was very good at Milwaukee. At St. Louis retail trade unusually strong. Business at St. Paul exceeds last year's and is large at Minneapolis, though lack of water restricts the flour export. The lumber trade is most prosperous. Business at Omaha and at Kansas City is satisfactory. At Nashville trade is good and at New Orleans active, especially in sugar.

In iron the trade is weaker, the demand for finished products being at present light. But steel rails have been reduced about \$2 per ton, and sales of water pipe have followed. This great industry has been much affected by the market for securities, which has been depressed for some months by foreign selling and monetary uncertainties, so that companies have been restricted in purchases of rails and supplies. But for the last week stocks have been stronger, gaining about \$2 per share, and speculation in products has been comparatively inactive, though wheat has been advanced by a western pool nearly two cents.

Cotton has been steady and strong, with diminished receipts. The year 1892 was remarkable for fewer failures than have occurred in any other year since 1886. The numbers reported being 10,344, or 2.029 less than in 1891. The indebtedness of firms failing was but \$114,000,000 in 1892, against \$189,000,000 in 1891 and about the same in 1890.

The average liabilities of firms failing in 1892 has been only \$11,000, the lowest average reported since 1878.

In 1892 only one in every 113 traders failed, against one in every ninety-three in 1891, and one in every 102 in 1890.

HANGED.

Execution of A. J. Hudspeth at Harrison, Ark., for the Murder of a Man Whose Body Was Never Found.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 31.—A. J. Hudspeth was executed at Harrison, Ark., Friday for the murder of George Watkins in 1887. Hudspeth was hanged for the murder of a man whose body was never found. The murderer worked for Watkins on a farm in Marion county. One morning in the spring of 1887 Hudspeth and Watkins went to town. Since that morning Watkins has never been seen. Hudspeth was arrested on suspicion of murder. Mrs. Watkins was afterwards incarcerated charged with being an accessory to the taking off of her husband. She was taken fatally ill, but before dying confessed that Hudspeth killed her husband to get him out of the way so he could marry her. Hudspeth was sentenced to be hanged. The case has been appealed and retried, two respites have been granted, and the fate of execution changed three times, but all efforts to save the murderer failed.

Traces of blood in the wagon and a bloody hatchet found in the wagon bed were the only evidences of foul play other than the strange disappearance of Watkins, aside from the wife's testimony.

UNDER ARREST.

Warrants Issued for Iron Hall Officials in Pennsylvania—Against Extradition.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31.—Joseph Gladding, C. H. Baker and J. P. Eckersley, the Iron Hall officials who were indicted in Indianapolis for taking \$200,000 of the order's funds, were arrested here Friday evening on a warrant sworn out by State Bank Examiner Krumb.

The arrest was made at the instance of District Attorney Graham, who is also receiver for the local branch of the Iron Hall, to prevent Baker, Eckersley and Gladding from being taken to Indianapolis on the warrants issued for them there. Baker and Eckersley gave bail in the sum of \$5,000 for a hearing.

Fixed the Blame.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—The coroner's jury investigating the accident which occurred Thursday morning at the Forty-seventh street crossing of the Fort Wayne tracks, and by which four persons were killed and a number hurt, returned a verdict charging Engineer Rouseup, Street-car Conductor O'Connor and Flagmen Albright and Schwartz with criminal carelessness, and recommending that they be held to await the action of the grand jury.

New Domestic Money Order Post Offices.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—About 1,400 post offices will be designated January 2, 1893, as additional domestic money order offices. Of the new money order offices Arkansas will have 10, California, 9; Colorado, 15; Idaho, 2; Illinois, 9; Indiana, 2; Iowa, 31; Indian territory, 13; Kansas, 9; Kentucky, 40; Louisiana, 32; Minnesota, 41; Mississippi, 26; Michigan, 2; Missouri, 142; Montana, 5; Nebraska, 30; Nevada, 6; New Mexico, 11; North Dakota, 56; Ohio, 7; Oregon, 33; Oklahoma, 1; Pennsylvania, 3; South Dakota, 2; Tennessee, 85; Texas, 94; Utah territory, 18; Washington, 3; Wyoming, 9; West Virginia, 6; Wisconsin, 140.

BEARDS NOT MADE TO ORDER.

Nature Is a Good Artist, and It Is Best to Let Them Grow Naturally.

"Most men," said the learned French barber, according to the New York Sun, "imagine that they can control the direction in which their beards grow by shaving. That is absurd. If you will take a microscope and examine the face of a baby a week old you will see that the cheeks and chin are covered with very fine soft hairs, invisible to the naked eye. The direction in which they turn will never be changed. If the child is a male those hairs will coarsen to the beard when it grows to be a man. If it is of the other sex, the hair will make the down which the post prays. Frequently men

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.

LAST SUMMER.

It was a country maiden,
A city youth was I,
Ling'ring away each golden day
As the summer months went by.
But O, there never was a fairer
Or gentler lass, God knows;
One blue her eye than the August sky,
And her mouth was a small wild rose!

And we used to walk together—
Hand in hand we too—
The silent hours when the forest flowers
Were fresh with the morning dew.
I strolled in the leafy woodland
Like a young deity,
And the girlish grace of her primrose face
Made half a saint of me.

Soft, o'er the crimson sunsets
Had left the fields in gloom,
The sober talks in our meadow walks
We drove the slow cows home,
This white moon above us,
Astarte in the west,
And in the trees a singing breeze,
And its lullaby of rest.

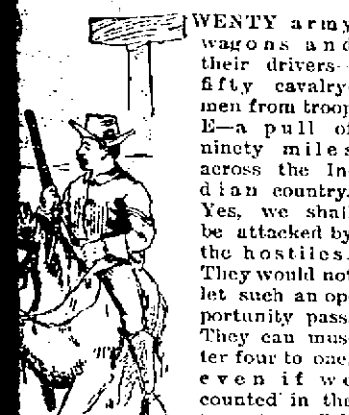
Cottage in an orchard,
Which rose-vines clustered o'er,
Parting word, a sigh unheeded
And a lingering at the door,
To wake country maidens,
A city youth was I,
Ling'ring away each golden day
As the summer months went by.

And now, as I sit here smoking
In my cozy room alone,
The dim twilight of the winter night
I live o'er the summer gone,
And O, her voice's music
Through my lonely study flows,
Like her eyes like the August skies,
And her mouth like a small wild rose.

—Maurice Baldwin, in Brooklyn's Life.

OBEYING ORDERS.

A Brave Soldier Won His
Sergeant's Chevrons.



WENTY army
wagons and
their drivers—
fifty cavalry-
men from troop
E—a pull of
ninety miles
across the In-
dian country.
Yes, we shall
be attacked by
the hostiles.
They would not
let such an op-
portunity pass.
They can mus-
ter four to one,
even if we
counted in the
teamsters. Col-
onel, at the new post to which we
were bound, had written to Capt.
White, who was to command the train:
"My wife is to come out with you.
That my previous instructions are
not to be obeyed." She knows what they
are, and we had not marched an hour
when Capt. White sent for me and
said: "Corporal, you will act as a special
guard over the third wagon."
"Very well, sir," the colonel's wife is in that wagon,
and I probably know."
"Yes, sir," I said.
"Because the Indians are too strong
and they must not find her alive."
I rode back to the third wagon and
found my horse at the high fence.
I lifted my cap to the lady, who had
provided with a comfortable seat
herself. She was a little bit of a
woman, not over twenty-five years of
age, and married to the colonel only
years before. She looked at me
with her big blue eyes and smiled, but
did not steady her voice as she
stepped forward and inquired:
"Corporal, do you—think we shall be
attacked?"
"It is likely, ma'am, but we may
be through."
"If attacked, and you can't
save the captain's orders, ma'am!"
"Very well," she said.
"Both understood. I had been
fully detailed to kill her if I saw
we were to be wiped out! The
fact of it made me dizzy as I rode.
Now and then I glanced up at
to find her face white and her eyes
only searching the horizon. I had
seen, and was there to obey them.
Would I do it? If I was the last liv-
ing of that train could I raise my
hand and become her murderer?
Two o'clock on the afternoon of
the second day out we saw a dozen
red Indians on a ridge to the right,



"WILL BE ATTACKED?" SHE QUERIED.
I rode up the train. To the left
was a succession of ridges and if
any force of hostilities about
were hidden behind them. The
lady was one of the first to
see the Indians at the right. She
looked at me as I glanced up.
"I shall be attacked!" she queried.
"In ten minutes, ma'am."
"Oh, you—"
"Yes, but I hope we shall beat
them."
"Redskins on the right now began
to and fro and whoop and yell
to draw our attention and

force the train to halt. Orders had
been given the day before to keep
moving in case of attack. In closing
up the wagons had doubled the line,
moving two abreast. The horsemen
fell into their places at once—twenty
on a side, five in front and five in rear.
Some of the teamsters had carbines,
while all had revolvers. Half a mile
beyond where we had seen the first In-
dian the attack was made, and it was
a bold one. As we came opposite a
valley running back into the ridges, a
hundred or more mounted Indians
came charging down on us. The val-
ley was just about as wide as the train
was long, and therefore the twenty of
us on that side had a chance at the
reds as they came on in a mob, shoot-
ing, shouting and seemingly deter-
mined to ride over us.

"Corporal!"
It was the voice of the colonel's wife,
just as we were preparing to fire.
"Yes, sir, I remember," I replied, as I
lowered my carbine to look at her.
We poured the fire of our carbines
into the charging mass and checked its
rush. The Indians then passed to our
front and rear, so as to assail us on all
sides. There were fully 300 of them
and had the train halted but for a min-
ute they would have had us wiped out.
A part of them had been ordered to
fire only at the mules attached to the
wagons. As they were kept moving
only three or four were struck and
none disabled.

"Corporal!"
There was fighting in front and rear
and both sides, and the bullets were
flying about us in a spiteful way. Five
had passed through the covering of the
wagon beside me.
"Corporal, are you going to—to—"
"Not yet; we are holding our own!"
I replied, as I turned to open fire again.
We were gradually getting out of the
trap. Farther on the ground was open
and to our advantage. The Indian al-
ways does his best fighting at the
start. Here and there we had a man
wounded, but there was no confusion—
no halting. Whenever they gathered
as if to charge we opened fire on the
spot and scattered them. Our fire was
rapid and well sustained and at the
end of a quarter of an hour we had
them beaten. We were just drawing
clear of the ridge when a bullet struck
the third wagon teamster in the shoul-
der and he fell forward on his saddle.
It happened right under the eyes of
the colonel's wife, and she called to me:

"Corporal, obey your orders!"
She had her hands over her face so
that she might not see me as I raised
my gun. The next few seconds must
have been terrible.
"Her pardon, madam, but the reds
are drawing off and the victory is
ours."
She dropped her hands and stared at
me for a minute as if she could not
comprehend. Then she fell back in a
dead faint and it was a long half hour
before her blue eyes opened to the sun-



"YOU ARE NO LONGER A CORPORAL,"
he shine again. A week later at the new
post, Col. Blank called me in and asked:
"Corporal, weren't you ordered to
shoot Mrs. Blank?"
"Yes, sir," I said.
"Then why didn't you do it?" he
sternly demanded.
"I—I was going to, but—"
"But what, sir? It was a gross dis-
obedience of orders, and you are no
longer a corporal."
But that was the old martinet's way
of promoting me to a sergeantcy.—
Brandon Banner.

Poetry and Truth.
Extremely literal people will not al-
low even poets to deviate from the
truth without a protest. Soon after
the publication of one of Tennyson's
poems, the laureate received a sugges-
tion from the distinguished arithme-
tician Babbage. Mr. Babbage's some-
what startling letter read: "Dear Sir
I find in a recently published poem
from your pen the following unwar-
ranted statement:
"Every moment dies a man,
Every moment one is born."
I need hardly point out to you that this
calculation, if correct, would tend to
keep the sum total in the world's popu-
lation in a state of perpetual equi-
poise; whereas it is a well-known fact
that the said sum total is constantly on
the increase. I would, therefore, take
the liberty of suggesting that in the
next edition of your excellent poem the
erroneous calculation to which I refer
should be corrected as follows:
"Every moment dies a man,
And one and a sixteenth is born."
I may add that the exact figures are
1.67, but something must, of course,
be conceded to the laws of meter."—
Waverly Magazine.

A Fitting Rebuke.
A reverend gentleman tells this story
of a little boy: The boy was tired out
from a hard day's play, and when he
retired he was too sleepy to say his
good-night prayer. His mother tried
in vain to have him say it, and finally
sent the father in. He found the boy
just sinking into a tired sleep and de-
manded that he should get up and say
his prayers. The little fellow arose
wearily, sank down upon his knees by
the bedside and began: "O, dear Lord!
please make papa say his prayers some
time when he's as tired as I am.
Amen."—Hartford Post.

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Trade doings at the store
must be some indication that
our prices are lower than other
stores. It may be because our
stock is so large and so varied
that you can get about any-
thing you want, from a paper
of needles at 2½ cents per
paper to a car of hay or a car
of flour. Then think of the
line of goods in between that
we are making a specialty of.
In foreign and domestic dress
stuffs we can give you any
thing in rough or plain fabrics.
Storm serges seem to be a
favorite just at this time.

We have women and chil-
dren's underwear without limit,
plain and Jersey, from 50 cents
up. Union and Equestrian
suits in all grades and colors.
We sell a number for a dollar.
You can't buy away from us
for \$1.25.

There's a good, big saving
between us and others on men
and women's shoes, besides
giving you 25 per cent. off
every Friday. You can find
the finest makes in the country
E. D. Ford's McClane and Eg-
gart's, John Kelly's. C. M.
Henderson's, J. B. Lewis and
a dozen other makers in full
lines that gives an endless se-
lection.

The boys report 50 new
jackets just unpacked. They
are the very latest things in
make and material. They will
only last a few days. Come
early for a selection or don't
blame us if they are gone.

We are more than pleas-
ed with the way in which people
treat us in trade and are mak-
ing the store a money saver
for you. Don't believe mer-
chants who tell you furs are
out of style. It is because
they have none that they say
that. All large stores show
them. Perhaps you need
some house furnishings?

Lace curtains 90 cents to
\$10.00 per pair. Portiers at
any price. Smyrna rugs and
mattings, table spreads, oil
cloths and carpets.

Ingrain and Brussels car-
pets No lack in these lines.

We unloaded 228 barrels
of choice winter apples in the
best varieties. Cape Cod cran-
berries at 10 cents per quart.

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Is now ready to receive and treat patients.

The treatment is neither an unknown or untried affair.
It has successfully cured hundreds of cases, where the
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It is the only Institute in this immediate section that
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GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Call and get prices before buying elsewhere.

AFTER THE HOLIDAYS

Is usually a Pretty Good Time to Buy Goods If You are Looking
for Bargains, At

IRVIN GRAY'S.

That fact is Strikingly Illustrated this week. There are Hundreds
of Useful Articles, which are Ordinarily Classed as "Christmas
Goods, which are needful all the year round, and which will be sold
now, in order to clear out for room at

LESS THAN ACTUAL COST.

There is also a chance at Gray's--to buy

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS

At Lower Prices than ever before. The time will soon be here for
Spring Goods and we must have the room. Every department is
Full and Complete, Including the Dry Goods, Furnishings and
Groceries.

OH, SHOUTIN'S MIGHTY SWEET

Oh, shoutin's mighty sweet
When yer shout when yer meet,
An shek han's roun an say:
"Bless God fur de meetin'
Bless God fur de greetin'
Shoutin' comes mighty easy dat a-way."
But ter shout when yer part,
An ter shout 'bout yo' heart,
When yer gwine far away, far away,
Wid a lettin' go han's
An a-facin' strange han's,
Shoutin' comes mighty hard such a day.
"Glory" sticks in yo' th'out
At de whistle o' de boat,
Dat cuts lak a knife thew yo' heart,
An "Hallelulah" breaks
At de raisin' o' de stakes
Dat loosens up de ropes ter let 'er start.
But ef yer fix yo' eye
On de writin' in de sky,
Wid de "goodlies" lak a stricken out,
An read de promiss elair
Of another gettin' in there,
You kin say fur well, my brothers, with
a shout,
Den shout, brothers, shout
Oh, tell yo' chie'ry out,
How neither death nor partin kin undo
Yer.
Look fast at yo' toes,
But last at de cross,
Singin' glory, glory, glory hallelulah!
—Ruth M. Stuart in Harper's Bazar

Hard to Satisfy.

Some persons are hard to satisfy. The
thing in hand is of little worth, but the
object beyond reach seems all desirable.
A clergyman in Maine, who lives near
the seacoast, narrates an occurrence
which gave him a moment of disappoint-
ment, but which has also supplied him
with a very good story to tell.
He had planned a beautiful drive for
the benefit of a lady from the west who
was visiting his family—a lady who had
never seen the ocean. The route was
chosen in such a way that not a glimpse
of the sea would be had until, at a cer-
tain bend in the road, the party would
come out upon a high open space, com-
manding a magnificent view of the broad
Atlantic.
As the carriage came out upon the
plateau the clergyman turned a beaming
face on the lady, expecting from her an
exclamation of delight; but instead of
happiness on her countenance, he saw a
look of longing.
"Oh," she said, with a sigh, "how I
wish I could see the Pacific!"—Youth's
Companion.

Seen in the Metropolis.

A refuse cart was close to the curb on
Thirty-seventh street, between Madison
and Fifth avenues, recently, while the
driver, a healthy young Irishman, talked
to a woman who had on each side a lit-
tle chap dressed in sailor costume. Most
passersby must have taken her for a
nurse out with her charges from one of
the fashionable houses near by. After
two minutes' talk the woman lifted the
lads one by one to the side of the rough
driver, who had carefully spread a piece
of stout paper over his cargo to protect
the clothing of the children.

One lad, tucked close under the driv-
er's arm, was permitted to hold the reins,
while the other poked the staid horses
with a short stick. The three drove off
sward, smiling, while the woman fol-
lowed on the sidewalk. The children
were the driver's own, and they were as
well dressed as half the children native
to the locality in which the scene oc-
curred.—New York Sun.

Books with Unent Leaves.

A book, the leaves of which are unent
cesses no value of an intrinsic char-
acter beyond one that is cut, but really
ss. For that matter, if it is to remain
unent, it is as valueless as it is useless.
There is a class of book collectors, how-
ever, who place a premium upon books
with unent leaves, and so comment
on their advertisements and cir-
clars. There are persons who load
certain shelves in their libraries with
unent books. Of course they are not for
use and are not used, and are valueless
except for keeping.—Brooklyn Eagle.

How Fishes Multiply.

Piscatory authorities of the highest
standard tell us that were it not for
nature's grand "evening up" provisions
the fishes of the seas would multiply so
rapidly that within three short years
they would fill the waters to such an ex-
tent that there would be no room for
them to swim. This will hardly be dis-
puted when it is known that a single
female cod will lay 45,000,000 eggs in a
single season.—St. Louis Republic.

Size of Families in Europe.

The average size of families in the
various countries of Europe is as follows:
France, 3.03 members; Denmark, 3.61
Hungary, 3.70; Switzerland, 3.94; Aus-
tria and Belgium, 4.03; England, 4.08
Germany, 4.10; Sweden, 4.12; Holland
4.22; Scotland, 4.46; Italy, 4.56; Spain,
4.65; Russia, 4.83; Ireland, 5.20.

Honeymoon Cookery.

"And so my little wife cooked this all
herself? What does she call it?"
"Well, I started it for bread, but after
it came out of the oven I concluded I'd
better put sauce on it and call it pud-
ding."—Exchange.

There are but 100 colored voters in
North Dakota. There are 15,000 in the
city of Baltimore. Baltimore has an
area of thirty-two square miles; North
Dakota has an area of 70,000 square
miles.

Whittier, the poet, it is reported, said
to the doctors in attendance a day or
two before his death, "You have done
the best possible, and I thank you; but
it is of no use—I am worn out."

Strange stories are frequently told of
the doings of electricity, and there is no
doubt that of all the forces of nature
this is the most capable of eccentric
manifestation.

Quining by Proxy.

Not long since, said the drummer, I
was down in one of the ague districts of
Indiana, and in front of my customer's
store I saw a native sitting on the horse
block. He seemed to be suffering and
I went to him.

"What's the matter?" I inquired.
"Nothin' much, mister," he re-
plied with a wan smile. "I'm jest a settin'
here in the sun shakin'."
"Got the chills?"
"That's what, mister."

"Why don't you take something for
them?"
"I do, mister. That is, Sary does. She
takes all the quinine for the family.
Sary's my wife."

That was a new form of woman's de-
votion, and I was somewhat surprised
at its discovery.

"Thunderation, man," I exclaimed,
"that won't help you any."

"I guess you're mistaken, mister," he
said, with stolid confidence. "I've had
the chills for twenty-five years an they
ain't killed me yet."—Detroit Free Press.

Caste Broken Down by Street Cars.

Street cars in Bombay are mostly of
American manufacture, and the pro-
motors of the street car lines are Ameri-
cans. When it was proposed, not many
years ago, to start such lines Europeans
prophesied their failure upon the ground
that such common public conveyances
could not be profitable in a caste ruled
community. It was believed that the
high caste man, who will not eat or
drink from the vessel used by a low
caste man, would refuse to ride in a
public conveyance beside his humble
brother.

In spite of these doleful prophecies the
railways were built and equipped, and
the high caste man complacently pays
his fare and rides untroubled by the
side of any sort of man. The cheapness
and convenience of the street cars were
too much for even the hard and fast
rules of caste.—Chicago Tribune.

A Young Child Wife.

The conversation had drifted to early
marriages, and Allan Thompson, of
Delmar, said: "The youngest wife I
ever knew lived at Fairview, Ia. Her
maiden name was Ella Hotchkiss, and
at the age of eleven she was married to
a youth of eighteen, whose name I can-
not now recall. I frequently saw her
after her marriage playing with other
children about the village, making mud
pies, etc. About a year after the mar-
riage a little daughter—a tiny thing
weighing but three pounds—was born
to the youthful couple. The ladies of
the neighborhood then persuaded the
child wife to don long dresses and quit
jumping the rope in the street."—St.
Louis Globe-Democrat.

We learn from a doctor that stam-
mering is almost unknown among sav-
ages. Is this infinity, then, one of the
penalties we pay for civilization?

Yawning Witnesses.

A few evenings ago half a dozen men
were sitting out in front of the Capital
hotel discussing various topics, when
Judge Yost, of the supreme court, in
telling an anecdote of a trial, remarked
that the witness yawned and he knew
he was lying.

"How did you know?" was asked.
"Well, sir, I have seen witnesses lie
and not yawn, but I never knew one to
yawn that he was not telling a lie."

Judge Sims, the member of the legis-
lature from Trigg, remarked, "Yes, I
always know a witness is lying when he
yawns."

Senator Dave Smith said, "It is al-
most invariably the case."

Judge Wall, the senator from Mason,
came up and corroborated the state-
ments of the others, and just then Judge
Brent, of the superior court, joined the
group. "When a witness yawns he is
telling a lie, and he knows it."

Several other lawyers were appealed
to, and all bore out the statements made.
None, however, could explain the phe-
nomenon. Judge Yost was the only one
who had a theory, and that was that
when a fellow was swearing to a lie he
could not face the music, and his em-
barrassment found expression in yawns.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Military Doubt.

"Did you see a boy about my size
round the corner?" a boy inquired of an
elderly gentleman who was passing.
"Yes, I believe I did," said the man.
"Did he look ugly?"
"I didn't notice."
"Did he look scared?"
"I don't know. Why?"
"Why, I heard he was round there,
and I don't know whether he wants to
lick me, or whether he's afraid I'm go-
ing to lick him. Wish I did!"—Ex-
change.

Satisfied with a Monarchy.

A schoolmaster was so enthusiastic
over politics that he began to give les-
sons on them to his class. He did not
get on very well at first, but at length
the scholars began to have a tolerable
idea of the subject.

"Now, Johnnie," the schoolmaster
asked in the course of one lecture,
"would you rather have a republic or
the present form of government?"
"The present form of government,"
replied Johnnie.

"Why would you rather have the
present form of government?"
"Because I shouldn't get a holiday on
the queen's birthday if it was a repub-
lic."—London Tit-Bits.

The German Birth Rate.

It is asserted that the proportionate
number of births in Prussia is nearly
double that of France, while the Ger-
man population increases faster than
that of any other country.—Chambers
Journal.

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